THE COLUMBIAN.
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.

Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA. At two dollars per year, payable in advance, [illegible]

The Columbian.

HENRY L. DIEFFENBACH, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1875.

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C. [illegible]

J. [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

[illegible]

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Rector—Rev. John Hewitt.
Sunday Services—3 o'clock p. m. every Sunday.
Sunday School—[illegible] p. m.
Holy Communion, the second Sunday in the month.

DR. E. W. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, on Main street,
Mar.6,'74—y Catawissa, Pa.

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Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. [illegible]

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March 27,'74—y Bloomsburg, Pa.

[illegible]

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa. [illegible]

C. R. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House. [illegible]

R. F. & J. M. CLARK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Ent's Building. April 16,'74—y

A. CREVELING SMITH. HERVEY EWING SMITH.
A. CREVELING SMITH & SON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
All business entrusted to our care will receive prompt attention. [illegible]

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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
All business entrusted to our care will receive prompt attention. [illegible]

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Business before the U. S. Patent Office attended to. [illegible] Columbian Building. [illegible]

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Will practice in all the courts of Columbia, Sullivan [illegible] Williamsport, Pa. [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

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MERCHANT TAILOR.
[illegible]

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[illegible]
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April 16,'74—y

DENTISTRY.
H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,
[illegible]
Office a few doors above the Court House, same side. [illegible]

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[illegible]

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CABINET MAKER
AND
UNDERTAKER,
[illegible] Street, between Main and Third Streets
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ALL kinds of Furniture made to order and [illegible]

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[illegible]

Ready Made Coffins

[illegible]

Taylor's Patent Corpse Preserver

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GREENWOOD SEMINARY.
NEXT TERM BEGINS
Monday, August 3d, 1874.
For particulars, Address,
[illegible] WHITE [illegible]
MILLVILLE, PA.

COIN in the ear received on subscriptions at the COLUMBIAN office.

HENDERSHOTT'S
PHARMACY,
OPPOSITE CENTRAL HOTEL.

WHERE may be found a full stock of [illegible] Toilet Articles.

[illegible]

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BOOT & SHOE STORE
BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

THE LATEST AND BEST,
EVERY VARIETY FOR
MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

[illegible]

Large variety of Boots and Shoes
for Fall and Winter
Trade.
New Goods.

BARGAINS!
BARGAINS!! BARGAINS!!!

OUR MOTTO:
Small Profits on Quick Sales

[illegible]
GIVE US A TRIAL. [illegible]

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ELIAS MENDENHALL
HAVING [illegible]
MAIN STREET, BLOOMSBURG,
[illegible]

STOCK OF GOODS,
JUST OPENED,
[illegible]
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
WOODENWARE,
WILLOWWARE,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
[illegible]

In connection with his stock of merchandise he [illegible]
Dressed and Undressed Lumber,
AND SHINGLES OF HIS MANUFACTURE.

Bill Lumber made a specialty.
CALL AND SEE.
Oct. 2, 1874—tf.

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY,
MAIN STREET BELOW MARKET.
ECKHART JACOBS
DESIRES [illegible]
BREAD,
BISCUIT,
ROLLS,
CAKES,
PLAIN AND FANCY CONFECTIONERY,
&c., &c., &c.
[illegible]
Ornamental Cakes furnished [illegible]
Parties [illegible] All orders filled promptly and satisfaction guaranteed. Mar.2,'74

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FOR
BARGAINS
in Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Drugs, Spices, Patent Medicines, &c., &c.

MOYER BRO'S

WOULD call the attention of the public to their very large and well selected stock of goods which they offer at the

LOWEST MARKET RATES.

[illegible]

White Lead,
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Umbers,
Litharge,
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Greens,
Blues,
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POPULAR MEDICINES.

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Physicians' Prescriptions
CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED WITH DESPATCH.

Cold Sparkling Soda Water.

[illegible]

BOTTLED GOODS.
SPICES, ALUM,
CONCENTRATED LYE.
Patent and Proprietary Medicines &c.
[illegible]

OIL OF GLADNESS,
[illegible]
Chafes,
Colds,
Croup,
Burns,
Tetter,
Piles &c.,
[illegible]

Price 50 Cents Per Bottle,

[illegible]

A. J. EVANS,

READY MADE
AND
CUSTOM MADE
CLOTHING.

HE HAS THE
FINEST GOODS, LATEST STYLES,
AND EMPLOYS THE
BEST WORKMEM

[illegible]

HE KEEPS A LARGE STOCK OF
BOYS' & CHILDREN'S CLOTHING
AND
GENTLEMEN'S
FURNISHING GOODS
At Astonishingly Low Prices.
A. J. EVANS.

CHARLES G. BARKLEY & CO.,
[illegible]

PUBLIC SALE HAND BILLS
Printed at this Office
[illegible] SHORTEST NOTICE AND AT THE
MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

Poetical.

WHAT WAS HIS CREED?

He left a load of anthracite
In front of the poor widow's door,
When the deep snow, frozen and white,
Wrapped street and square, mountain and moor,
That was his deed;
He did it well;
"What was his creed?"
I cannot tell.

Blessed "in his basket and his store,"
In sitting down and rising up;
When more he got he gave the more,
Withholding not the crust and cup.
He took the lead
In each good task,
"What was his creed?"
I did not ask.

His charity was like the snow,
Soft, white, and silent in its fall;
Not like the noisy winds that blow
From shivering trees the leaves—a pall
For flower and weed,
Dropping below;
"What was his creed?"
The poor may know.

He had great faith in loaves of bread
For hungry people, young and old;
And hope inspired, kind words he said
To those he sheltered from the cold;
For we must feed
As well as pray.
"What was his creed?"
I cannot say.

[illegible]

Miscellaneous.

A Look Around the World.

The latest and best authority gives the population of the globe at 1,3[illegible],000.

In America, [illegible]
In Europe, [illegible]
In Asia, [illegible]
In Africa, [illegible]
In Australia and Polynesia, [illegible]

These people speak about 3,000 different languages, and are cut up into 1,000 different religious sects.

The adherents of the principal sects, excluding the whole population, are supposed to be nearly these:

The six older oriental churches, 6,000,000.
Roman Catholics, 195,000,000.
Protestants, [illegible]
Mohammedans, [illegible],000,000.
Buddhists, 340,000,000.
Other Asiatic religions, 2[illegible],000,000.
Pagans, 200,000,000.
Jews, 6,000,000.

Happy Husbands.

It is a man's own fault if he is unhappy with his wife, in nine cases out of ten. [illegible] and better for [illegible]

The great men of this world have often been [illegible] in their domestic relations, while mean and common men have been exceedingly happy. The reason is very plain. Absorbed in themselves, those who desired [illegible] were careless of the little [illegible] while those who had [illegible] to keep their hearts [illegible] and were happy in their [illegible].

No woman will love a man the better for [illegible] prominent. Though he [illegible] among men she will only be proud [illegible] through [illegible] she will not [illegible]. He [illegible] kindness and [illegible]. No less a hero to her though he [illegible] and home.

Praise to Children.

[illegible] so afraid that a [illegible] It [illegible] who [illegible] with a [illegible] disposition. Praise [illegible] and [illegible] It is [illegible] you can never get [illegible] praise. You [illegible] believe, [illegible] for lack of [illegible] commendation. [illegible] praise [illegible] eagerly after [illegible] To withhold praise where it is due is dishonest, and in the case of a child such a course often leaves a lifelong sense of injustice. Motives of economy as well as regard for the future of the child should influence the parent to give generous praise to all who deserve it.

Of course there is a difference in the constitution of children; some can bear as much praise as others [illegible] a great deal. It should never be indiscriminate. We remember a [illegible] woman who taught school in one village until she had educated a part of three generations. She was one of the most successful of teachers, largely owing to her gift of praising with discrimination. A bad boy was kept a good scholar [illegible] for the brilliancy [illegible] and [illegible] was to a better life; and so would a good girl, who had no gift for learning rapidly, but who was saved from utter despair by the praise she got for her untiring industry. [illegible] the praise of the teacher [illegible] and the virtues, like [illegible]

* * *

The value of a smoked cigar [illegible] weight or—that of a man scarcely more.

* * *

A [illegible] that coincides with our own.

THE WICKEDEST MAN THE WORLD EVER SAW.

BY GEORGE CARY EGGLESTON.

Precisely at what time the faithful and affectionate subjects of his Majesty Ivan IV. Czar of all the Russias, conferred upon him his pet name, "The Terrible," history neglects to inform us, but we are left in no uncertainty as to the entire appropriateness of the title, which is now inseparably linked with his baptismal name. He inherited the throne at the age of three years, and his early education was carefully attended to by his faithful guardians, who snubbed and scared him, in the hope that they might so far weaken his intellect as to secure a permanent control over him, and through him govern Russia as they pleased. They made a footstool of him sometimes and a football at others; and under their system of tuition, the development of those qualities of mind and heart for which he is celebrated were remarkably rapid.

He was always Ivan the terrified, and he became Ivan the terrible before he was old enough to have played a reasonably good game of marbles, or have become tolerably expert in the art of [illegible]. Indeed, it would seem that the young Prince was insensible to the joys and other [illegible] in which ordinary youth delight, [illegible] subject to his moods [illegible]. One of these [illegible] and [illegible], consisted in the dropping of cats, dogs and other domestic animals from the top of the palace to the pavement below, and sentimental historians have considered these interesting experiments upon the law of gravitation indicative of wanton cruelty.

Another of the young Czar's amusements was to turn half-famished pet bears loose upon passing pedestrians, and it is the part of charity to suppose that his purpose in this was to study the psychological and [illegible] phenomena of fear. A [illegible] way he had of accomplishing [illegible] "playing" [illegible]. He cultivated his [illegible] horsemanship by riding over elderly people, cripples and children. In short, his [illegible] sports were all of an original and highly interesting sort.

Up to the age of thirteen Ivan was under the tutelage of a council, of which the Prince Chuisky was chief and it was this prince who domineered over the boy and made a footstool and a football of his body. At that age Ivan asserted his independence in a very positive and emphatic way, which even the Prince Chuisky could not misapprehend. The young Czar was out hunting, accompanied by Skuisky and other princes and boyards, among whom was Prince Gluisky, a bitter rival of Shuisky's, who was prejudiced against that excellent gentleman. At his instigation Ivan addressed his guardian Skuisky in language which the latter deemed insolent. Skuisky replied angrily, and Ivan [illegible] his dogs to remonstrate with the prince, which they did by tearing him limb from limb.

Having thus silenced the dictation of Skuisky, the young prince became the ward of the no less excellent Gluisky, and was carefully taught that the only way in which he could effectually assert his authority was by punishment. It was made clear to his [illegible] intellect, too, that the shortest, simplest and altogether the best way to get rid of disagreeable people was to put them to death, and throughout his life Ivan never forgot this for a single moment. Power he was told, was worthless unless used; and the only way in which it could be really used was in oppression. For three years no pains were spared to teach him this system of ethics and politics and the young prince, in his anxiety to perfect himself in the art of governing, diligently practiced all these precepts.

When he was seventeen years of age he was formally crowned Czar. The citizens, ignorant of the truths of political economy and the principles of governmental science underlying the young Czar's system, became alarmed and fled [illegible]. When [illegible] and the [illegible] together with [illegible] of Anastasia, the young czarina, [illegible] the simple and [illegible] methods of government [illegible]. Ivan [illegible] the frontiers, laid the [illegible] introduced printing into the empire, added greatly to her possessions [illegible] himself famous by [illegible] historians love to [illegible].

Meanwhile, his genius for governing upon the [illegible] lay dormant. It was not dead, but slept, and after a nap of nineteen years, it awoke one day refreshed. Anastasia, a [illegible] queen, whose influence had been supreme for so long a time, died, and Ivan was [illegible] again. He recalled his old [illegible], who had been punished for his crimes and consulted him as to his future course.

"If you wish to be truly a sovereign," said this [illegible] prelate, "never seek a counsellor wiser than yourself; never seek advice from any man. Command but never obey, and you will be a terror to the boyards. Remember that he who is permitted to begin by advising is certain to end by ruling his sovereign."

[illegible] advice [illegible] Ivan's [illegible], and for reply he kissed the bishop's hand, saying:

"My own father would not have spoken more wisely."

[illegible] the Czar spoke sincerely his [illegible] the bishop's precepts abundantly attests.

His ministers and advisers being manifestly wiser than he, [illegible] to have about [illegible]. He then began a [illegible] of their partisans—some of whom he put to death, and condemning others to imprisonment and torture. He next turned his attention to his own household, which he was resolved upon ruling absolutely at least, if not well. One of the princes made himself disagreeable by declining to participate freely in the pleasures of the place; and, for the sake of domestic harmony, Ivan had him poniarded while he was at his prayers. Another so far overstepped the bounds of courtesy and propriety as to remonstrate with one of the new favorites upon his improper conduct; and Ivan, in order that there might be no bickerings and hard feelings in his family, slew the discourteous prince with his own hand.

He was in the habit of carrying an iron rod about with him, and he had a playful way of striking his friends now and then merely for his own amusement. His pleasantries of this and other like sorts were endless. One day Prince Boris[illegible] boyard, came to pay his respects to the Czar, and as he bowed to the ground, according to custom, Ivan seizing a knife, said, "God bless thee, my dear Borias; thou deservest a proof of my favor," and with that he kindly cut the nobleman's ear off.

When Prince Kurbsky, whom he had threatened with death fled to Poland and wrote him a letter thence, telling him pretty plainly what he thought of him, the Czar playfully struck the bearer of the missive with an iron rod, as a preliminary [illegible] the letter, and the [illegible] subject. He then became convinced that the boyards generally sympathised with Kurbsky, and to teach them better, he put a good many of them to death by torture, and deprived many others of their estates. His alarm was very real, however, for he was a phenomena of abject cowardice. He therefore fled to a fortified place in a dense forest, where he remained a month writing letters to the people telling them that he had abdicated and left them to their fate as a punishment for their disloyalty and their crimes. Singularly enough, his flight terrified the people. He had taught them that he was their god as God was his, and his flight to Alexandrovsky seemed to them a withdrawal of the protection of Providence itself. Business was suspended. The courts ceased to sit. The people were in an agony of terror. A large deputation of boyards and priests journeyed to Alexandrovsky and besought the sovereign to return and resume his holy functions as the head of the church, that the souls of so many millions might not perish. Exacting of clergy and nobles an absolute right to do as he pleased and a promise that they would in no way interfere with or resist his authority, he returned to Moscow. Here he surrounded himself with a body guard of desperadoes, 1,000 strong at first, and afterwards increased to 6,000, whose duty it was to discover the czar's enemies and to sweep them from the face of the earth. As emblems of these their functions, each member of the guard carried at his bow a dog's head and a broom. As the punishment of the Czar's enemies included the confiscation of their property, a large portion of which was given to the guards themselves, they were always singularly successful in discovering the disaffection of wealthy nobles, discovering it oftentimes before the nobles, themselves were aware of their own treasonable sentiments.

Feeling unsafe still, Ivan built for himself a new palace, outside the walls of the Kremlin, making it an impregnable castle. Then finding that even this did not lull his shaken nerves to rest, he proceeded to put danger afar off by dispossessing the twelve thousand rich nobles whose estates lay nearest the palace, and giving their property to his personal followers, so that the head which wore the crown might be easy in the conviction that there were no possible enemies near on the other side of the impregnable walls which shut him in. But even then he could not sleep easily, and so again he repaired to his forest stronghold at Alexandrovsky, where he surrounded himself with guards and ramparts. Here he converted himself into a monastery, made himself abbot and his [illegible] followers monks.

He rigorously enforced monastic observances, of the severest sort, and no doubt became a saint in his own estimation. He spent most of his time at prayers, allowing himself no recreation except a daily sight of the torture of the prisoners who were confined in the dungeons of the fortress. His guards were allowed rather a larger share of amusement, and they wandered from street to street, punishing with their hands [illegible] they were very moderate in their indulgence, however, [illegible] of their sovereign [illegible] to their credit, that, at this time, they rarely ever killed more than twenty people in one day, while sometimes the number was as low as five.

But a quiet life of this kind could not always content the Czar. Naturally, he grew tired of individual killings, and he began to long for some exciting sport. When one day a quarrel arose between some of his guards, and a few of the people of Torjeck, Ivan saw at a glance that all the inhabitants of Torjeck were obstinate rebels, and, of course it became his duty to put them all to death, which he straightway did.

Up to this time the genius of Ivan seems to have been cautiously feeling its way, and so the part of his story already sketched may be regarded as a mere preliminary to his real career. His extraordinary capacity for ruling an empire upon the principles taught him by the Prince Gluisky, was now about to show itself in all its greatness. A criminal of Novgorod, feeling himself aggrieved by the authorities of that city, who incarcerated him for a time, wrote a letter offering to place the city under Polish protection. This letter signed, not with his own name but with that of the archbishop, and, instead of sending it to the King of Poland to whom it was addressed, he secreted it in the church of St. Sophia. Then going to Alexandrovsky, he told Ivan that treason was contemplated by the Novgorodians, and that the treasonable letter would be found behind the statute of the Virgin in the church. Ivan sent a messenger to find the letter, and upon his return the Czar began his march upon the doomed city. Happening to pass through the town of Klin, on his way to Novgorod, he put all its inhabitants to death, with the purpose, doubtless, of training his troops in the art of wholesale massacre, before requiring them to practice it upon the people of Novgorod. Finding his system of drill an agreeable pastime, he repeated it upon his arrival at the city of Twer, and then, in order that the other towns along his route might have no reason to complain of partiality, bestowed upon all of them a like manifestation of his imperial regard.

It is not my purpose to describe in detail the elaborate and ingenious cruelty practiced in the massacre of the Novgorodians. The story is sickening. Ivan first heard mass, and then began the butchery, which lasted for many days, was conducted with the utmost deliberation and most ingenious cruelty, and ended in the slaughter of sixty thousand people. Ivan had selected certain prominent citizens to the number of several hundred, whom he reserved for public and particularly cruel execution at Moscow. Summoning the small and wretched remnant of the population to his presence, he besought their prayers for the continuance and prosperity of his reign, and with gracious words of farewell took this departure from the murdered city.

The execution in Moscow of the reserved victims was a scene too horrible to be described in these pages. Indeed, the half of Ivan's enormities may not be told here at all, and even the historians content themselves with the barest outlines of many parts of his career. He sought to make himself in some sense a deity, blasphemously asserted that his throne was surrounded by archangels precisely as God's is. Identifying himself with the Almighty, he claimed exemption from the observance of God's laws, and in defiance of the fundamental principles of the Greek Church, of which he was the head, he married seven wives. Believing that he might with equal impunity [illegible] the usual sense of other nations, he actually sought to add England's queen, Elizabeth, to the list of his spouses. And he was so far right in his estimate of his power to do as he pleased, that the virgin queen head of the English church, while she would not herself become one of his wives, consented to assist him, and selected for his eight consort, Mary Hastings, the daughter of the Earl of Huntington. She came near bringing about a marriage between the two churches of which Ivan and she were respectively head, who were agreed in condemning polygamy as a heinous crime.

For only one of his crimes Ivan showed regret, if not remorse. His oldest and favorite son, when the city of Pskof was besieged by the Poles, asked that he might be entrusted with the command of a body of troops with which to assist the beleaguered place. Ivan was so great a coward that he dared not trust the affection and loyalty of even his own favorite child, and in a fit of mingled fear and rage he beat the young man to death with his iron staff, saying, "Rebel, you are leagued with the boyards in a conspiracy to dethrone me."

Remorse seized upon him at once, and his sufferings and his fears of retribution were terrible. Finally he determined to abandon the throne and seek peace in a convent, but the infatuated Russians entreated him not to desert them. He died at last, in 1589, and even on his death-bed attempted one of the most infamous crimes of his life, and was foiled only by the flight of his victim and his own inability to follow her. She was a member of his family, being a wife of the son.

Did Scheherezade herself ever imagine a stranger story than this? And yet it is plain history, and is only a fragment of the truth.
—*American Home.*

One of the Sorrows of Life.

Many a volume has been written on the love of parents, the love of mothers, its enthusiasms of hope and fancy, its adorations of the university, its agony for the lost; but I do not remember that any one has ventured to touch on a still more terrible view of the subject, the disappointment for example, with which such a woman as I have attempted to set before the reader—a woman full of high aspirations, noble generosities, and, perhaps, an unwarrantable personal pride, all insensible by the homely circumstances of life around her—sometimes looks upon the absolutely commonplace people whom she has brought into the world. She too, has had her dreams about them when they were children, and all things seemed possible—while they were youths, with still some grace and freshness of the morning veiling their unheroic outlines. But a woman of seventy can cherish no fond delusions about her middle-aged sons and daughters, who are to all intents and purposes, as old she is. What a dismal sense of failure must come into such a woman's heart while she looks at them! Perhaps there is one reason why grandfathers and grandmothers throw themselves so eagerly into the new generation, by means of which human nature can go on deceiving itself. Heavens! What a difference between the ordinary man or woman of fifty and the ideal creature which he or she appeared to the mother's eyes at fifteen! The old people gaze and gaze to see our old features in us; and who can express the blank of that disappointment, the cruel mortifications of those old hopes which never find expression in any words?—*Mrs. Oliphant.*

India Rubber Tires.

All the subjects that are discussed now were only imagined once, said a distinguished [illegible], and this is so true that the public mind has now reached the subject which comes immediately before Lear's famous proposition that the cavalry should be "shod with felt;" though this relationship seems a bit putting the cart before the horse. In London it is proposed that the owners of all vehicles which ply in the public streets shall be compelled to have the wheels of their vehicles bound with India rubber tires. At first this has the sound of something wildly impossible. Popular notions of India rubber at once suggest that it would use a set of tires a day. People can scarcely conceive of an article familiar for its yielding softness enduring for any time the friction which destroys the pavements; and the notion of expense, founded on the presumed instability of such tires, is the great objection urged to the innovation. But the fabricators of India rubber answer that they can make tires which will outlast iron. Perhaps they can. So many things have been seen in this generation that one scarcely dares deny any downright statement of that sort. One of these day we may see Krupp's cannon made of papier mache, and we will simply shrug our shoulders and inquire, what next? India rubber tires are said, practically, to be doing effective service in Berlin, and the experiment of this change has too much possibility in it not to be well and widely tried. If the experiment prove a success the great pavement problem will be well nigh solved.
—*New York Paper.*

* * *

A dentist in Wisconsin, who kissed a young lady while examining her teeth, was called on by her father with a loaded gun, and the dentist paid him five hundred dollars not to fire it off in his office, he being exceedingly sensitive to noise.

The Columbian

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, February 19, 1875

Notice.

A meeting of the Democratic State Committee, will be held at the Bolton House, Harrisburg, Pa., on Thursday the 4th of March, 1875, at 3 o'clock p. m., to determine the time and place of holding the next State Convention for nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and State Treasurer.

JOHN MILLER, Chairman.
Philadelphia, February 17, 1875.

The Danville *Intelligencer* comes out in a new dress since the fire and presents a handsome appearance.

Senator Chalfant and Representative McHenry and Ryan again have our acknowledgments for important public documents.

An anti-monopoly convention, to be composed of delegates from all manner of organizations opposed to monopolies, is to be held at Harrisburg on March 2d.

The Harrisburg *Patriot* is in high hope that the ice on the Susquehanna is of sufficient thickness and strength to carry away the Columbia dam and thus re-establish the Shad fisheries!

The Supreme Court of the United States has affirmed the right of Pennsylvania to impose a tax upon the gross receipts of as railroad running through the State.

Hon. Geo. W. Woodward, who is now traveling in Europe, recently paid a visit to the Pope of Rome, by whom he was received with the honors usually paid to distinguished strangers.

Minister Washburn is out in a card refuting some of the libels of the New York *Sun*, and proving the utter falsity and recklessness of its statements. People who read that paper must be fond of being humbugged.

Fish, Bristow and Jewell, the best men in Grant's Cabinet, would all resign were it not for the certainty that Grant would put in such as Ben. Butler, Chandler and other cut-throats who would drive the country into another civil war.

The Venango *Spectator* is one of the solid Democratic papers of the State that has recently donned a new suit. We are glad to see these evidence of prosperity in reliable Democratic organs, as it is strongly indicative of the growing power of the party itself.

The Northumberland county *Democrat*, one of the best papers on our exchange list, is out with an entire new dress and presents a handsome appearance. The paper is eminently worthy of the best support the people of that county can give it and they ought to take pride in contributing to its success.

Recently the authorities of Hayti arrested a man with a human head in his possession, which led to the discovery that an organized society of cannibals existed in the interior, who supplied themselves with fresh meat by capturing and butchering strangers who came within their reach. Their chief, with near a hundred followers, has been arrested.

There is one confederate general who has not yet got into Congress.—He is a conductor on a Chicago street car.—*Radical papers.*

That is Gen. Longstreet. But he is not the conductor of a car in Chicago—he is conducting the Kellogg government in Louisiana, and the Grant administration so far as regards that business.

A. K. McClure has at length, it is published, got what he has so long labored for, a newspaper organ The *New Age*, which has been for some time printed as a no-party paper, has been purchased by a stock company, and Col McClure, with a strong force of assistants, is to be its controlling spirit It is to be a mongrel in politics, a sort of Republican, but anti-Grant, patterned after the New York *Sun*.

The Pennsylvania House of Representatives has passed just three bills during its six weeks session. It has got just four weeks longer and hopes to get at least two more bills through By hard work, and a few night sessions, it may possibly succeed —*Williamsport Gazette and Bulletin.*

All the ring organs are in a rage because the Democratic House refuses to pass ring measures! The House is doing right—the people do not want legislation, except some routine business, and active reform measures which every body knows the Republican Senate will not agree to.

The grandest humbug of the age is the passage of resolutions by the National Grange in favor of the government subsidy to the Texas Pacific railroad. One of the distinctive principles of the Patrons of Husbandry is to oppose government subsidies, yet the officers of their National organization suddenly discovered that one of the worst of these should be approved! Just what induced this conviction will probably be brought out by an investigating committee at some time.

The reckless character of the Radical House of Representatives at Washington may be fully comprehended when the fact is stated that on Saturday last they passed a bill adding one hundred millions of dollars to the bounties heretofore given to soldiers, in the face of the other fact that the administration is demanding thirty millions more of taxation to prevent the Treasury from becoming bankrupt! Should the bill pass the Senate one hundred and fifty millions will have to be added to the taxation of the country—perhaps two or three hundred millions, to make up what will be stolen during the collection of such an enormous additional sum. Plunder ahead, Messrs. Radical Congressmen! Fortunately less than two weeks more are left in which to indulge that propensity.

To publish a caricature in picture is libel, where the intent to ridicule is manifest. A clever burlesque, where the intention is not clear, may be regarded as an abortive attempt to do the handsome and therefore properly escapes criminality. However all that may be, in the case of the likeness of Senator Wallace, recently printed in some of the papers, we cautiously suggest that that gentleman has some stout and enthusiastic friends who may take the matter up and by way of showing their devotion apply a muscular penalty on suspicion of an attempt to ridicule their chief. Just what the intent may have been we do not pretend to say, but were it not for the proverbial good nature of the Senator he would no doubt send somebody around to teach some editors good manners.

Next Governor.

The Democratic Standing Committee of Chester county, at a meeting convened for organization, unanimously adopted the following:

WHEREAS, The citizens of Pennsylvania will be called on at the general election in November next, to select a Chief Magistrate to administer the affairs of State, during the next Gubernatorial term; and

WHEREAS, It is of the highest importance to the people of all parties that the office should be filled by a man whose character, qualifications and independence of all malign influence are such as to entitle him to public confidence. Therefore,

Resolved, That we urge upon our fellow Democrats in all parts of the State to give their early attention to this subject, and an unprejudiced consideration of the merits of the several gentlemen who have been or may yet be named for the office, so that when their delegates assemble in convention for the purpose of making a nomination, they shall be qualified and disposed to select one in whose support can be concentrated the entire strength of the Democratic party, and all others who desire to rescue our Commonwealth from Radical Ring rule, and secure an administration devoted to the interests of the tax payers.

Resolved, That this committee deem it due to themselves and to the Democracy of our county, to present for the consideration of our fellow Democrats in the several Senatorial and Assembly districts of the State, Robert E. Monaghan, Esq., as a sound Democrat and honest man, possessing all the qualifications essential for the office, and whose private life affords a reliable guarantee that if elected the duties of this high public trust would be faithfully performed by him, with an eye single to the best interests of the Commonwealth and her tax paying people.

Resolved, That this expression of our views is not designed to disparage or prejudice any of the distinguished gentlemen named as candidates for the office of Governor, but simply to urge upon the Democracy of the State, the importance of the subject and the propriety of giving to it that attention which is demanded alike by the interests of the party and the State.

Resolved, That the foregoing preamble and resolutions be published in such of the Democratic journals of the State, as regard the subject referred to therein as worthy the attention of their Democratic readers, and that the chairman of this committee be authorized to communicate the same to the members of the State Central Committee and the Chairman of the various County Committees.

This formal presentation indicates an earnest movement. Without committing the COLUMBIAN on the subject, we can heartily endorse all that is said of Mr. Monaghan. He is a democrat of the old Shunk school, and his administration, if elected Governor, would be a repetition of the perfect integrity, strict economy and careful attention to the interests of the people that characterized the official days of Francis R. Shunk and added so much to the honor and credit of the State.

We observe that the Democracy of the West Branch Valley are pretty unanimously urging the nomination of Col. A. C. Noyes, of Clinton county, for Governor. His probity and generosity as a citizen, his great personal popularity, the integrity of his public career and the purity of his private life, as well as his very fine and imposing personal appearance, are all urged in behalf of the propriety of his nomination. Personally he is one of the most generous of men and he is blessed in an unusual degree with that hard common sense that is never nonplussed but always equal to any occasion that may arise. He enjoys the respect of all who know him, and as Governor of the State would no doubt acquit himself with distinction. He, however, protests that he is not a candidate and that he desires private life in preference to public honors.

The Columbia *Herald*, in a strong article, urges the nomination of Hon. Hugh M. North, of Lancaster county, as the next Democratic candidate for Governor. Mr. North was within a few votes of the nomination for Lieutenant Governor, at Pittsburgh, last fall, but withdrew in order to strengthen the ticket upon a question of locality—Judge Woodward having been nominated from an adjoining county for the Supreme Court. Mr. North is an able and honorable man and worthy of public confidence.

Candidates begin to loom up in all quarters. We shall one of these days endeavor to review the field at length.

The Legislature.

The House Democratic portion of the Judiciary committee reported in favor of the power of the House, by itself or in conjunction with the new Auditor General, to investigate the affairs of the State Treasury for any length of time past. The Republican portion of the committee of course reported adversely, as they dare not permit the investigation for party reasons. It is to be hoped the Democracy of the House will push the investigation—force it.

The Local Option repeal bill has been reported favorably in the House, but a lot of "roosters," especially the Philadelphians join the friends of the present law in preventing the repeal bill from coming up The object of the roosters is merely to make money out of the liquor interests. It is to be hoped the rascals will fail in that.

Although the Legislature is now busily at work, no other important public business is as yet under consideration, except in committee and the formal passage of bills through first reading.

Miserable little Florida even turns right side up and elects a Democratic U. S. Senator, who is said to be one of the most respectable lawyers in the State. The Legislature contains a small Republican majority, and balloting has been going on for weeks, but the exasperated factions finally preferred the election of a Democrat to the triumph of their rivals. The result proves that a carpet-bagger mad sometimes acts more sensibly than a carpet-bagger in sober mind.

The U. S. Senate will no longer contain a practical working majority of extreme Radicals after the 4th of March, the more conservative elements of that party holding the balance of power between the Democrats and ultra Radicals. As several of the latter are very old and infirm men, with Democratic Legislatures behind them, further improvement may be looked for within a year or two.

Northumberland county has a population of a little over 41,000, less than 9,000 voters and about that number of taxables, is a separate judicial district, and yet wants an additional Law Judge! If every 20,000 of population in the State are to have a Law Judge, then something over 200 will be required for the State, estimating the total population at four millions, whose aggregate salaries and mileage will reach a million of dollars! Go it, Northumberland county! What do your people care for taxes?

PARCELS BY MAIL.—Under the recent improvements in postal arrangements great convenience is secured to stores and their remote customers. Gloves, shawls, slippers, cigars, groceries, dry goods, candy, ornaments, tea, anything not weighing four pounds, can be sent quicker by mail than express, and at fractional cost. For two cents one may send by mail a parcel weighing a quarter of a pound from Maine to California; eight cents will carry a pound across the continent.

Williamsport Election.

Mayor Powell Democrat, is re-elected Mayor of Williamsport by a majority of nearly 500, over A. J. Dietrick, Republican. The Republican candidates for city Treasurer and Auditor are elected Mr. Powell is a very popular man, but was elected Mayor last spring by a split in the Republican ranks on the Temperance question, the combined vote of the candidates against him exceeding his by about 300. This year the contest was mainly on the Local Option question, the friends of that measure having first nominated Judge Dietrick, who was afterwards also nominated by the Republicans. As Williamsport gave a majority of over 800 for Local Option when that question was directly submitted, this result now shows how unpopular it has become after trial. Williamsport is a Republican city by about 250 majority.

February Elections.

La Rue Metzgar, Republican, was elected Controller of Harrisburg by 125 majority.

C. F. Evans, Republican, was re-elected Mayor of Reading by about 300 majority.

In Philadelphia, those parts of the Democratic and Republican tickets endorsed by the "reformers" are elected Magistrates (officers who take the place of Aldermen and Justices, with enlarged powers) and probably eight other Republicans, volunteers and regulars This will give sixteen Magistrates who are endorsed by an organization composed of leading citizens of both parties as being competent and respectable and eight who failed to obtain such endorsement. Pretty well for Philadelphia, for it is the first time since 1860 that a majority of ordinarily decent men were elected in that city at any election.

Congressional.

The everlasting negro Pinchback has been occupying a great portion of the time of the U. S Senate for a week past, the question being on his right to a seat in that body, to obtain which he seems to be as anxious as he was to get out of the Penitentiary. The question is not yet decided.

In the House the new tax bill has been under discussion, but the probabilities are that it will be defeated. If so, an extra session of Congress will become necessary.

The House Civil Rights bill will be taken up in the Senate in a few days and will occupy considerable time in its discussion. The Radical members have also resolved in caucus to pass a new force bill, which outrages every principle of civil liberty by authorising the President to suspend the writ of *habeus corpus* at pleasure and proclaim his will the law of the land Some independent Republicans oppose it, but as it is esteemed the only possible means of reelecting Grant it is urged by the carpetbaggers and extreme Radicals with all their energy They threaten to defeat even the necessary appropriation bills in order to carry the bill, arguing that an extra session may be called to make the necessary appropriations. If the new Congress does its duty they will wish they had never called it together.

Other business unimportant.

As respectable a paper as the Sunbury *American* ought to have more regard for its good name than to class itself with the asses and blackguards who are so prone to describe the COLUMBIAN as the personal organ of any man. The editor of the latter has been too long in the editorial harness and too well known to utter his own distinct opinions and convictions to care for such petty inuendoes, but lest some honest stranger might be imposed upon, or others be held in the least responsible by any one for what we may choose to print, it would be just as well that the falsehoods in question be stopped. If no editor receives more aid or suggestion from outsiders than the COLUMBIAN does from Mr. Buckalew, it is very certain that they have no debts of that sort to pay. While we appreciate the force of the compliment thus unwittingly paid to the COLUMBIAN, we are nevertheless sometimes annoyed that others should be held responsible for what they never saw or dreamed of until they read it in our columns, and what may in fact be in direct opposition to their own convictions or even be unpleasant to them.

This thing of ascribing to others than the editor of any paper the editorial productions that may appear in it, is too low a species of vituperation to generally receive attention, and but for the injustice to others we would not notice it now.

Clerical Coxcombs.

The Clearfield *Republican*, a Democratic newspaper, thus takes the hide off from a Radical wolf in sheeps clothing, who signs himself "Rev. T. DeWitt Talmadge," to wit:

A New York clergyman, named Talmadge, seeing that Beecher's star is about setting, is moving strongly to the front, to take his place. He is an imitator of the latter, (in the pulpit we mean,) and through hired reporters and subsidized newspapers is spreading his name and fame throughout the United States. He pays for newspaper puffs, just like small politicians, and contributes liberally towards having his sermons reported and published in the secular press. Although twenty-five years the junior of Beecher, he is that many years ahead of him in buffoonery and clerical jugglery with less than half the native talent that Beecher possesses He is a very fast preacher, and a cheap Radical newspaper called the *New York Witness*, is the channel, or gutter, through which this coxcomb gets his stale, flat and unprofitable theology before the public.

We advise Democrats to kick this Radical *Witness*, containing those Godless sermons, out of doors. There is enough hypocrisy practiced by the laity and gratuitously spread before the public. It is therefore unnecessary to purchase that iniquitous compound manufactured by Beecher-Talmadge theologians and Radical politicians retailed through the *New York Witness*, which is only another serpent in our Democratic Eden. Talmadge is to the Radical party just what the clown is to the circus, and his theology is about as beneficial, in a moral point of view, as the jokes of his co-adjutor, while the *Witness* takes the place of the "ringmaster" and does the cutting and slashing.

One thousand dollars fine, five hundred to the negro informer and five hundred to the United States, with one year's imprisonment in the county jail. This is the penalty which the Civil Rights bill imposes on any landlord who shall refuse to furnish lodging and entertainment to a negro applicant. He may refuse entertainment to a white man, but woe to him if he rejected the application of a colored citizen. When the Civil Rights bill becomes a law informing will grow into a good business in this country.—*Patriot.*

The Williamsport *Bulletin* likes to be puffed and as an inducement to its contemporaries to indulge in that mucilagenous business it copies their complimentaries. It is a good paper of the breed but if its readers do not find that out without being constantly told that such is the fact—well, their stupidity is to be pitied. But what is the use of advertising that certain people over there possess such questionable virtues?

The President's Salary.

From a recent Speech by Mr. Doolittle of Wisconsin.

The President's house, gardens, conservatories and stables are all furnished and kept in perfect order, in all their details, at the public expense; stewards, doorkeepers, and a band of music for all public receptions are furnished without a dollar's expense to the President. All the furniture, carpets, beds, tables, to the minutest thing which convenience or luxury can desire, are furnished by the government. The whole establishment is also warmed and lighted throughout; all this at an expense to the public Treasury of $60,000 to $70,000.

But you ask me, what then does the President pay out of his salary?

He pays his cooks, the waiters upon his table, the driver of his carriage, and the servants who wait upon his family and his guests; he pays for what is eaten and drank at his table. By custom, it is expected of the President to give several State dinners; and in the course of the year to entertain each member of Congress, the Judges of the court, the foreign Ministers, his Cabinet, and occasionally distinguished strangers—in all, probably five hundred persons. If such dinners should cost $10 for each person, $5,000 would cover that expense. Of the $20,000 remaining, $10,000 ought to pay his other family expenses. That would leave him $10,000 per annum clear.

Cheap Sewing Machines.

Congress has recently decided against an extension of the patent for the four motion feed for sewing machines, which has been pending for the past two years. This patent was issued in June, 1852, and is the most valuable patent extant in connection with sewing machines. This four motion feed is so valuable that no cloth sewing machines are made without it. The combination owning the patent embraces the owners of the Wheeler & Wilson, Wilcox & Gibbs, Singer and Howe Companies. It has served to bind these manufacturers together, and has enabled them to defy all competition, and they have been striving to maintain the monopoly of the feed by having the patent extended for a period of seven years by act of Congress. The invention has realized for the inventor several million dollars. The extension of the patent for another period of seven years would be worth about twenty millions of dollars to the owners, and would cost the public fully four times as much more, by reason of perpetuating the monopoly. The failure of the extension, it is claimed will have the effect of reducing the price of sewing machines to twenty dollars. There is evidence showing that the cost of the average sewing machines is about twelve dollars, and that small manufacturers are forced to pay to the combination for the use of the feed forty dollars on each machine manufactured. It is a curious fact that Wheeler & Wilson's machine can be purchased in Europe and imported to this country for about one-half the price they now cost here, the reason being that those machines have no protection in Europe and can be manufactured by any person.—*Exchange.*

Why is it Right to Pile on New Taxes?

It is proposed to take thirty or forty millions a year out of the pockets of the people in taxes to be levied by Congress and collected by the agents of the United States Government. The country is already taxed almost to the last verge of possibility. All business is depressed; factories are closed; real estate is everywhere shrinking in value; railroads have ceased to yield dividends; farmers are distressed and unable to pay their mortgages; merchants are losing money and are terrified respecting the future; while laboring men are living upon the small sums they have deposited in saving banks, or else their families are suffering the torments of privation. And here comes General Grant, who was re-elected in 1872 expressly to keep up our prosperity and to make everything flourishing and flush, and proposes to compel us to stand and deliver forty millions more a year.

Under such circumstances it is well for the public to know precisely why these additional millions are to be taken from them. What is the money wanted for? We will state some of the principal objects to which it will be applied:

First. To pay the President $50,000 a year salary, although before he was elected he agreed to serve for $25,000 a year salary; and besides, to pay him in addition $75,000 a year in various perquisites, such as no former President enjoyed.

Second. To furnish Secretary Robeson several millions a year to be squandered in jobbery, paid out on fraudulent and illegal claims, or otherwise stolen, under the pretence of supporting a navy, while in his hands the navy has become worthless and useless, except as a pretext for extoring money from the people for Robeson's ring to get rich on.

Third. To supply the Indian ring and other rings that cluster around the Department of the Interior with the necessary number of millions to be taken by them, so that they may grow rich while the people are growing poor.

Fourth. To furnish Attorney General Williams with the means of procuring himself carriages and horses and servants, all at the public expense, out of the contingent fund of the socalled Department of Justice.

Fifth. To provide great sums out of which Measurer Babcock and Boss Shepherd, and the rest of them, may defraud the people by false measurements, lying vouchers, and other similar appliances of public robbery.

Sixth. To satisfy the appetite of United States Marshal Sharp in Washington, brother-in-law of the President, and to provide him with $130,000 a year, where an ordinary marshal would not require over $15,000 or $20,000.

Seventh. To pay for the swindle in the fibre-paper on which United States securities are printed, and to enable Mr. Adolph E. Borie and others interested in that ring to get for their paper two or three times its market value.

Eighth. To supply millions to a lot of speculative rings, ostensibly for the purpose of effecting impracticable schemes of so-called internal improvements, which are not needed, which would be of little use if completed, and which the country could not afford to undertake in its present condition, even if they were necessary.

Ninth. To cover the outlays for new public buildings, custom house, post offices, court houses, and the like all over the country.

Tenth. To raise millions upon millions for new railroad grants and subsidies, that are to be rushed through Congress under the new rule which deprives the minority of that power of resistance which even the slave power, with all its fury, never diminished.

Eleventh. To provide the means of sending troops to New Orleans for the purpose of turning out the Governor and Legislature that the people have elected, and putting in power and keeping in power those whom they have rejected—all in order that the people of the State may be further robbed by a merciless gang of public plunderers, and that Brother-in-law Casey may be made a Senator of the United States.

Twelfth. To establish a corruption fund for advancing the scheme of Ulysses S. Grant to be elected President for a third term, and for enabling his carpet-bagger confederate to maintain their hold upon the outraged and robbed communities in the Southern States, in order to control the electoral votes of those States by fraud in 1876.

These are some of the ends for which it is necessary to put off $30,000,000 or $40,000,000 more of taxes. Will any sensible man look at them and say that they are not noble and patriotic ends such as every citizen ought to contribute to with joy and delight, no matter how difficult it may be for him to pay his own daily expenses?

Great is Grantism, and they who are not willing to hand over all the money that Grant, his brother-in-law, his partners in rich jobs, and his coadjutors may require, ought to be proclaimed banditti and turned over to Phil Sheridan for drum-head trial and instant execution.—*World.*

Foreign News.

France is evidently on the verge of another revolution. The Assembly refuses to resign and is yet incapable of forming a Government It was elected when the Prussians occupied the country, merely for the purpose of setting up a power to make peace with their conquerors, but having assumed permanency it now seeks to control all national affairs Each party except the Bonapartists is divided into irreconcilable factions and that which is strongest in the Assembly (the Orleans Bourbons) has no strength with the people. No ministry can be formed that can command a majority in the Assembly, nor can any form of government command a majority, and the Assembly refuses to allow the people to elect a new one which would reflect their wishes. Turbulence is the natural result, and revolution must settle the question.

From the other European countries the news is not important.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$1.4[illegible]
Rye "	.9[illegible]
Corn "	.75
Oats "	.5[illegible]
Flour per barrel	8.0[illegible]
Cloverseed	5.0[illegible]
Flaxseed	1.50
Butter	.35
Eggs	.2[illegible]
Tallow	.0[illegible]
Potatoes	.60
Dried apples	.10
Hams	.18
Sides & Shoulders	.14
Lard per pound	.14
Hay per ton	15.00
Beeswax	.25
Timothy Seed	5.00

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$4.80 per Ton
No. 5 " "	$3.75 " "
No. 6 " "	$2.50 " "
Blacksmith's Lump on wharf	$4.60 " "
" Bituminous "	$6.00 " "

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. [Feb 19, 1875-tf

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given of the intention of the undersigned Trustees of "The Lime Ridge Methodist Episcopal Church" situated near Centreville in Centre township Columbia county to apply for a charter agreeable to the rules and form of discipline of the Methodist Episcopal Church of the United States of America.

E. W. M. LOW,
G. L. LOW,
PHILIP HARRIS,
Feb 19—3t.

NEWLY

MARRIED

COUPLES

ABOUT going to House-keeping should call before purchasing at the Popular Cash Store of

W. P. JONES,

CATAWISSA, PA.

and examine his fine stock of Goods suitable for their wants.

Fine Honeycomb Quilts large at $1.25. Extra Heavy and Large Quilts with Fringe $1.75, 2.50, 3.25 to 3.75. Very fine Marseilles Quilts $3.[illegible] Table Linens from [illegible] to $1.20 per yard. All Linen Napkins at $1.25, 1.50, 2.25 to 3.50 per dozen, Linen Towels 10, 20, 25 to 62 cents Turkish Bath Towels 88 cents to $1.00 Wool and Felt Table Covers $1.[illegible] to 2.50 Towellings by the yard from 12½ cents up. Nottingham Lace for Curtains at 20, 28 and 45 cts. per y'd

SOLID AND PLATED NAPKIN RINGS, SPOONS, FORKS, &C.

Also a great variety of other goods which we offer at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH.

W. P. JONES,

Corner Main and Third Streets,

CATAWISSA, PA.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned, administrators of the estate of Peter B. Wenner, deceased, will expose to sale by Public Vendue, on

Saturday, March 13th, 1875

The following real estate, viz: A valuable

LOT OF GROUND

situate in Briarcreek township, in said county about two miles from Berwick, bounded by the lands of George P. Le[illegible]——[illegible] Mrs. Stahl and the public road leading from Bloomsburg to Berwick, and containing about

FOURTEEN ACRES,

All cleared and in good farming condition. There are on the premises a

GOOD FRAME HOUSE, A GOOD BARN,

and other out-buildings, one well and two cisterns. Also

A Good Orchard and Fine Nursery.

The above property is within five minutes walk of the railroad depot.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation absolute and balance in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi

Possession to be given April 1st A. D. 1875.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock of said day.

LAFAYETTE CREASY,
HENRY SHAFFER
February 16th [illegible] Administrators

AGENTS. Chang Chang sells at sight. Necessary as Soap Goods free Chang Chang Manufacturing Company, Boston.

FREE SAMPLES to Agents. Ladies' Combination Needle-book with Chromos Send stamp F. P. GLUCK New Bedford, Massachusetts

AGENTS WANTED for the fastest selling book ever published Send for specimen pages and our extra terms to Agents. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia Pa

$5,000 For a case of Asthma, Coughs, or Cold that ADAMSON'S BOTANIC BALSAM will not cure. GOLD[illegible] JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Agents, Philadelphia

"PSYCHOMANCY or SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose instantly. This simple, mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, Wedding Night Shirt &c. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & Co., Pubs. Phila.

FOR

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,

And all Throat Diseases,

USE

WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS

PUT UP ONLY IN BLUE BOXES.

A TRIED AND SURE REMEDY.

Sold by Druggists.

SHORT POSTPONEMENT—DAY FIXED—FULL DISTRIBUTION.

FIRST GRAND GIFT CONCERT.

Montpelier Female Humane Association

AT ALEXANDRIA, VA.

MARCH 29, 1875.

LIST OF GIFTS.

1 Grand Cash Gift		$100,000
1 Grand Cash Gift		50,000
1 Grand Cash Gift		25,000
10 Cash Gifts,	$10,000 each	100,000
15 Cash Gifts,	5,000 each	75,000
50 Cash Gifts,	1,000 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts,	500 each	50,000
1,000 Cash Gifts,	100 each	100,000
1,000 Cash Gifts,	50 each	50,000
20,000 Cash Gifts,	20 each	400,000
22,178 Cash Gifts, amounting to		$1,000,000

Number of Tickets, 100,000.

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets	$20.00
Halves	10.00
Quarters	5.00
Eighths or each Coupon	2.50
5½ Tickets for	100.00

The Montpelier Female Humane Association, chartered by the Legislature of Virginia and the Circuit Court of Orange Co., proposes to a Grand Gift Concert to establish and endow a "Home" for the Old, Infirm, and Destitute Ladies of Virginia," at Montpelier, the former residence of President James Madison.

[illegible]

JAMES L. KEMPER, Gov. Virginia.

[illegible]

R. W. HUGHES, U. S. Judge, East'n Dist. of Va.

[illegible]

For full particulars, testimonials, &c., send for Circular. Address, HON. JAMES BARBOUR, Pres't M. F. H. A., Alexandria, Va.

Reliable agents wanted everywhere. Jan. 29,'75—tw

MARYLAND FARMS AND HOMES 10,000 ACRES Near railroad [illegible] Address W. M. S. RIDGELY, Attorney, Denton, Maryland.

SHARPEN YOUR OWN MILL PICKS No blacksmith needed. Money saved, and Picks always sharp. For illustrated circular address THE TANITE Co. Stroudsburg, Monroe Co. Pa.

MONEY easily made by selling TEAS at IMPORTERS' PRICES, or getting up clubs in towns and country for the oldest Tea Company in America. Greatest inducements. Send for circular. CANTON TEA CO., 148 Chambers St., N. Y.

HAVE YOU TRIED

JURUBEBA

ARE YOU

WEAK, NERVOUS, OR DEBILITATED?

Are you so Languid that any exertion requires more of an effort than you feel capable of making?

[illegible]

"Fold their tents, like the Arabs, And silently steal away."

[illegible]

Ask your druggist for it.

For sale by JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FREE SAMPLES to Agents, Ladies' Combination Needle-book, with Chromos. Send stamp. DEAN & Co., New Bedford, Mass.

SOMETHING FOR YOU. Send stamp and get it. Address, F. D. HURST, 75 and 77 Nassau Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED for the fastest selling book ever published. Send for specimen pages and our extra terms to Agents. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., PHILADELPHIA, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned as Administrator of Henry K. [illegible] late of the township of [illegible] in said county, deceased, will expose to Public sale on the premises on

Saturday March 6th, 1875

The following described real estate to-wit: All that certain

TRACT OF LAND

[illegible]

TEN AND ONE-FOURTH ACRES,

More or less, on which is erected a two-story

FRAME HOUSE.

[illegible]

February, 8th, 1875

FOR SALE!

Valuable Town Property and Farm at Private Sale!

THE undersigned, one of the Executors of GEORGE WEAVER, deceased, offers at private sale, the following valuable property, to wit:

ONE TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE,

with out-buildings and lot attached, situated on Main Street, Bloomsburg, Pa. This house is suitable for two families.

ALSO—one two-story frame dwelling house with out-buildings, frame stable and [illegible] This property is opposite the residence of the late Dr. Vost.

ALSO, one two-story frame dwelling house with stable out-buildings and lot attached situated on Rock Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

ALSO, six vacant lots situated on Fourth Street.

ALSO, a valuable farm situated one-half mile from the town of [illegible] Pa. Said farm contains 98 acres of land.

For terms of sale apply to

[illegible] W. CORNELL, Executor,
Feb. 12, '75-4w. Bloomsburg, Pa.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale on the premises of Jesse D. Hoot on

Saturday the 6th day of March 1875

at two o'clock, p. m., the following described property, to-wit:

All that certain lot of land being a lime quarry, situate in the township of Scott, Columbia county, Pa., bounded on the east by quarry lot of [illegible] and [illegible], on the north by land of Aaron Hoot, on the west by another quarry lot of Jesse D. Hoot, on the south by land of Aaron Hoot and Jesse W. Merrill; on which are erected a dwelling house, stable, office and other out-buildings, lime kilns &c.

ALSO,

One other quarry lot situate in the same township, known as Green quarry lot, bounded on the east by the above described lot, on the north by land of Aaron Hoot, on the west by quarry lot late of John White deceased, and on the south by land of Aaron Hoot; on which are a dwelling house and out building, and three lime kilns.

ALSO,

All that certain lot of land situate in Madison township, Columbia county, bounded by lands of Deaner and Welliver on the north, [illegible] on the east, [illegible] on the south, [illegible] on the west, containing 96 acres [illegible] whereon are erected a frame dwelling house, a large barn and out buildings, with the appurtenances.

Seized taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Jesse D. Hoot.

Sheriff's Office, MICHAEL GROVER,
Bloomsburg, Feb. 12, 1875-ts. Sheriff.

BRIDGE LETTINGS.

ONE wooden arch covered bridge to be located at a point in [illegible] township, [illegible]

One wooden [illegible] covered bridge, to be located at a point near [illegible] township, forty-five feet long, two abutments [illegible] feet high, with wing walls, both sides [illegible]

We will meet at Yeager's hotel, in Stillwater, on Thursday, February 25, 1875, between 10 o'clock a. m. and 2 p. m. to receive proposals to build said bridges. The contract will be for the building, filling &c., all complete. For plans and specifications inquire at our office.

Commissioners' Office,	WM. LAWTON,	Com's
Bloomsburg, Pa.	JNO. HERNER,	of
Feb 5, 1875	JOHN ENT	Col. Co
Wm Krickbaum, Clerk		

ATTORNEY'S BLANKS, Common and Judgment Bonds, just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. All kinds of Attorney's blanks either kept on hand or printed to order.

STATEMENT OF MADISON POOR DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDING APRIL 1st, 1874:

Amount of Duplicate	$1,8[illegible]
Balance from former year	[illegible]
Received from produce of farm	[illegible]
	$2,147.54

EXPENDITURES.

Amount paid for keeping paupers	$ [illegible]
" paid for Attorney fees and costs on suit of West Hemlock vs Madison	[illegible]
" cash paid on farm	[illegible]
" paid H. H. [illegible] for pump	[illegible]
" paid for lime and phosphate	[illegible]
" for medical attendance paid Drs. [illegible] and Barder	[illegible]
" exonerations to collector	[illegible]
" [illegible]	[illegible]
" collector's and treasurer's commission	[illegible]
" directors fees for 1 year, 4 months	[illegible]
" auditors fees	[illegible]
Balance due township	[illegible]
	$2,147.54

THOMAS J. SWISHER, }
WM. MASTELLER, } Directors of the Poor.
GEO. W. S[illegible]PLE, }

WE, the Auditors of Madison township, have examined the above and find it correct.

WM. B. DEMOTT, }
T. H. CONGLES, } Auditors.
JOHN SMITH, }

Jan. 29, '75—3t

STATEMENT.

SHOWING the amount of Indebtedness, the amount of [illegible] of the Town of Bloomsburg, prepared and published by the Town Council of said Town, in accordance with the [illegible] section of the Act of Assembly of April 2d 1874, entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same, and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof."

INDEBTEDNESS.

[illegible]

Total	[illegible]

ASSETS.

[illegible]

VALUATION OF TAXABLE PROPERTY.

[illegible]

Total.	$[illegible]

Number of dogs, 165.

DAVID LOWENBERG,
President of Council.
WESLEY WIRT, Secretary.
Bloomsburg, January 29, 1875.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF PHILIP [illegible], DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Philip [illegible], late of [illegible] township, county of Columbia, State of Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to [illegible] [illegible]

Feb. 12 '75-6w* Adm'rs.

AGENTS WANTED! Diploma Awarded FOR HOLMAN'S PICTORIAL BIBLES [illegible] Address for circulars A. J. HOLMAN & CO., 930 Arch St., Philadelphia.

LIFE OF DR. LIVINGSTONE.

[illegible]

Agents Wanted [illegible] KEYSTONE PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia Pa.

BALTIMORE

EYE & EAR INSTITUTE.

JULIAN J. CHISOLM, M. D.,

Professor of Eye and Ear Diseases in the University of Md., Surgeon in charge.

[illegible]

EMPLOYMENT.

SAMPLES AND A COMPLETE OUTFIT SENT FREE. [illegible] Address [illegible] 5 S. Howard street, Baltimore, Md.

TRY [illegible]

BUSINESS for 1875 New Brass articles sell to dwellings, stores, etc. Profitable. We guarantee canvassers [illegible] Agents wanted. Address MANN & CO., 2[illegible] N. Howard street, Baltimore, Md.

THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.,

Winners of Three Highest Medals and Diploma of Honor, at Vienna, '73, and Paris, '67, now offer the Finest Assortment of the best Cabinet Organs in the World, including new styles with recent improvements, not only exclusively for cash, as formerly, but also on New Plans of Easy Payments, the most favorable ever offered. Organs rented with privilege of Purchase, in almost any part of the country. First payment, $9.90 or upwards. Illustrated Catalogues and Circulars, with full particulars, sent free on request. Address, MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., Boston, New York or Chicago.

Everybody's own Physician

by C. W. GLEASON, M. D. [illegible]

AGENTS WANTED [illegible] H. N. McKINNEY & CO. [illegible] St., Philadelphia,

Maryland Eye and Ear Institute

[illegible] North Charles Street Baltimore, Md.

GEORGE REULING, M. D., [illegible]

[illegible]

CONSTANT EMPLOYMENT.—At home Male or Female, $30 a week warranted. No capital required. [illegible] C. ROSS, Williamsburg, N. Y.

JOB PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

EXECUTED PROMPTLY

AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

CARPETS! CARPETS!!

S. H. MILLER & SON

HAVE JUST RECEIVED and are offering for sale at very low prices one of the best assortments of CARPETS ever offered for sale in the town of Bloomsburg. They are all new and of the very latest styles. Prices vary from 25 cents to $1.50 per yard. Call and see them.

Oct. 24, '74—tf.

50 PER CENT.

COMMISSION PAID BOOK AGENTS.

On new and most popular Books by one of the largest subscription firms in the country. [illegible] No humbug. Send for circulars and [illegible] Address, C. O. Box 529 Hartford, Conn.

THE New York WEEKLY WITNESS giving News, Markets, Stories, Pictures, and One Editorials at $1.20 a year, Postage paid, has reached in [illegible] circulation in three years. Send for free sample [illegible]

WHAT I know about Agents, or how to clear $75 to $150 per month selling my [illegible] Apply at once to D. L. GUERNSEY, [illegible] N. H.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Bloomsburg [illegible]

Sept. 11, '74—tf

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a bill will be introduced [illegible] Assembly of Pennsylvania [illegible]

[illegible] John Lazarus.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF MARTHA HARTMAN, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Martha Hartman, late of [illegible] township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to [illegible] Hartman of [illegible]. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned without delay.

AMANDUS HARTMAN,
Administrator,
Jan. 8,—6w* [illegible], Luzerne county, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF [illegible], DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Philip [illegible] have been granted by the Register of said county to John [illegible] of Davidson Twp. [illegible] county, Pa. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

JOHN HOFF,
Administrator,
Dec. 25-6w* Sullivan county, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOHN BOSTON, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of John Boston, late of Fishing Creek township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Miss [illegible] Boston, New Columbus, Luzerne County, and D. L. Chapin, Davidson, Sullivan county, Pa. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrators without delay.

[illegible] BOSTON, Davidson,
D. L. CHAPIN, New Columbus,
Administrators.
Jan 22-6t.

A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

WILL be sold by Public Vendue on the premises in Fishing Creek township, Columbia county, near the Methodist Brick Church one mile from Cherrington's mill, on Wednesday the 17th day of February, 1875, the farm on which the subscriber resides,

CONTAINING ABOUT 62 ACRES,

more or less, all cleared except about 10 acres, on which is erected a new DWELLING HOUSE, NEW BARN, and other outbuildings. There is a never failing stream of water near the barn and a good spring at the house. A large number of young and thrifty fruit trees, of all varieties, and 35 to 40 bearing apple trees have been planted and are growing on the premises. The soil is a sandy loam of good quality, and under good cultivation. It has been well limed and is otherwise in good condition.

TERMS OF SALE.—$1,500 to be paid on delivery of deed and the balance in annual payments to be secured by judgment. JOHN BLOSS.

Jan22ts.

NOTICE TO COLLECTORS AND TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.

The Act of April 21, 1858, required Assessors, Supervisors and Collectors of Road and School taxes to make returns to the County Commissioners, "for the collection of all taxes on unseated lands;" and such returns shall be good and valid if made on or before the first day of February of each year, but not thereafter, by act 2d of February, 1858.

[illegible]

Commissioners Office, WM. KRICKBAUM,
Bloomsburg, Jan. 15, 1875.—tf Clerk.

GAS! GAS!

THATCHER & GEARHART,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THEIR SERVICES IN

Plumbing and Gas Fitting,

in which they have had many years of experience. All work of this kind warranted to be of the best description and executed in the most workmanlike manner.

Gas *Pipe* Laid at 12 *Cents Per* Foot!

Steam Engines and Boilers,

Steam and Hand Pumps,

Pipe and Fittings.

A Splendid Assortment of Chandeliers, Brackets, Lamps, Shades, Bronze Ornaments, &c.

EXQUISITE SLATE MANTELS,

THE CELEBRATED

JAPAN PAPER-WARE,

BUCKETS, BASINS, BOWLS, &c., &c.

Store Room in Bloomsburg, on Main Street, opposite St. Paul's Episcopal Church. Give them a call!

Oct. 2,'74—tf

WISTAR'S BALSAM WILD CHERRY

Coughs, [illegible] chitis, Sore Throat, Influenza, Croup, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness Liver Complaint, Pains or Soreness in the Chest or Side, Bleeding at the Lungs, and every affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, are speedily cured by the use of DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which does not dry up a cough and leave the cause behind, as is the case with most remedies, but loosens it, cleanses the lungs and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint.

Consumption can be cured

by a timely resort to this standard remedy, as is proved by hundreds of testimonials it has received. None genuine unless signed "I. BUTTS" on the wrapper. 50 cents and $1 a bottle. Large bottles much the cheaper. SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Proprietors, Boston, Mass. Sold by dealers generally.

Jan. 22, '75-ly

BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
PROGRAMMES,
POSTERS, &C., &C.,
Neatly and Cheaply printed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH

ROWELL & CHESMAN

Advertising Agents,

THIRD & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1875.

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Mail Train	10,18 A. M.	5.11 P. M.
Express Train	5.41 P. M.	11.33 P. M.
Accommodation Train	8.59 A. M.	5.47 P. M.

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train	6,28 A. M.	7.20 P. M.
Regular Express	5,50 P. M.	11,33 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

All subscribers should bear in mind that printers are now compelled to pay cash for everything they use in their business and that it is impossible for them to carry the indebtedness of a large number of subscribers from year to year, as could formerly be done when stock and wages were low and long credits could readily be obtained. Every subscriber should therefore be sure to pay at least once a year. The date printed on the paper with the subscriber's name shows the time to which each has paid.

We will furnish the GALAXY, a first class four dollar magazine and the COLUMBIAN to subscribers, both postage paid, for five dollars per year in advance.

The LADY'S BOOK, with the beautiful chromo "The Rescue," and the COLUMBIAN, all postage paid, will be furnished at $4.25 per year in advance. tf.

JOB PRINTING.

The attention of [illegible] in Bloomsburg and [illegible] of Printing [illegible] that it can be obtained at the Columbian office [illegible] being [illegible] enabled to do any work [illegible] and fully as cheap as it can be obtained anywhere. [illegible]

During the past week water has failed in several portions of the town.

The Philadelphia and Reading Railroad has put about half its force at work again in its shops.

Dr. H. C. Hower has purchased the property of Wm. Hart, on Centre street between Third and Fourth, known as the Collamer property. Consideration $3,000.

In St. Paul's Episcopal Church services are being held daily at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, except on Wednesdays, when the service is at 7 o'clock. They will be continued through the season of Lent, which ends on the 27th of March.

Mr. Daniel Bode was severely injured by falling on our icy pavements, Monday night. He was carried into the Exchange Hotel, and Dr. Turner immediately called, who found the shoulder out of joint and replaced it.

Rev. J. M. Rehmensnyder, pastor of the Espy charge, has received and accepted a unanimous call to the Lutheran Church at Lewistown, the county seat of Mifflin county, Pa., and expects to move there by April 1st. The people of Espy and vicinity deeply regret their loss, but those of Lewistown may well be congratulated.

It is seldom that the people of Bloomsburg may be justly complained of for any manner of shortcomings, but many of their pavements for sometime past have certainly been in an execrable condition in consequence of not being properly cleaned after snows. Where icy they ought to be sprinkled with ashes, even if good wives do protest, for necks and limbs are more important than carpets. Those model officers, Chief of Police Woodward and Street Commissioner Jacoby, will lose their laurels if they do not attend better to this business.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Mt. Carmel Bank vs. T. H. Edgar, et al.—Sheriff's return read in open court.

Jacob Evans vs William J. Cox. Case amended by adding the heirs as parties.

Rice vs Hinderliter. Sheriff allowed to amend his return.

Eli Kendig vs Daniel Morris. Declaration filed by leave of court.

A. Hendrickson vs. The Philadelphia & Reading Railroad company. Attornies for plaintiff, Comly and Baldy; for defendants Wolverton and Buckalew. This was a suit brought by the plaintiff to recover damages for the loss of a barn and its contents by fire from the sparks of a locomotive of the company, on the 11th of April, 1872. From the evidence of the plaintiff it appeared that the locomotive passed the barn about 5 o'clock in the afternoon, throwing what seemed to the witnesses a stream of light, that the grass for some three miles was set in fire as it passed, and that one of the sparks falling upon the roof of the plaintiff's barn ignited it, and it was destroyed, and that the train was running at an unusual speed. The defendants offered evidence to show that they used the usual approved modern appliances for arresting sparks, [illegible] above [illegible] and that the engineer in charge was competent and careful. His Honor, Judge Elwell, delivered an able charge, fully and satisfactorily explaining to the Jury the rights of railroads and individuals, and [illegible] the law of negligence, contributory and otherwise.

A. Hendrickson vs. Philadelphia & Reading Railroad company. Jury returned a verdict finding for the plaintiff the sum of [illegible].

A. Hendrickson vs. Philadelphia & Reading Railroad company. After verdict the defendants' counsel excepted to the charge of the Court and answers to defendants' points and requested that the same, together with the notes of testimony, be filed and made part of the records.

John Herler, administrator, vs. Wm. Appleman. Rule on plaintiff to show cause why judgment should not be stricken off made absolute.

February 12th, 1875. Ordered that there be two weeks Court at May term, and that a venire for a Grand Jury and venires in the Quarter Sessions, Oyer and Terminer and Common Pleas for thirty-six Petit Jurors for the first week, and for a like number in the Common Pleas for the second week be issued.

February 12th, 1875. Ordered, that as a standing order of the Court that subpœnas in the Common Pleas for the first week be returnable at 9 o'clock on Wednesday morning.

Wm. Reed vs. Jesse A. Lewis. Assumpsit. Jackson for plaintiff, Freeze for defendant. Verdict in favor of plaintiff for the sum of $394.93.

Com. vs. Samuel Bogart. Motion in arrest of judgment sustained.

Clinton Cole and William Cole vs. Reubeldo Peterman. Ejectment. R. F. & J. M. Clark for plaintiff, Freeze for defendant. Verdict for plaintiff for the land described in the writ, subject to the condition that if the defendant shall pay to the plaintiffs the sum of $1,855.52, with interest from February 8, 1875, and costs, by the 1st day of September, 1875, then judgment to be released.

February 12, 1875. Leonard Adams. Petition in lunacy. Wm. H. Abbott appointed Commissioner, ten days' notice to be given to the alleged lunatic and to his son-in-law, Jesse Munson.

Road in Locust township near widow Troxels, George Craig, Abraham Beaver and Abraham Hower appointed viewers.

In the estate of Martha S. Taylor, a minor, Auditor's report confirmed according to agreement.

In the estate of Daniel Genhart, a lunatic order to borrow money on the estate for the use of the lunatic.

Court order for an adjourned Court for argument on Monday, February 15, 1875, and a general adjourned Court for Saturday, February 20th, 1875.

In the matter of a special tax in Conyngham township, order for publication continued.

Margaret S. Hess vs. George Stricker. Clark for plaintiff, Barkley and Elwell for defendant. Assumpsit. This was a suit brought by a woman to recover two and one-half months board at $10 per month, the making of some clothing and a sum of $15, which she alleged was due her from defendant. Defendant denied the truth of the [illegible]. Verdict for plaintiff for $16.

BLOOMSBURG TOWN ELECTION.

	E. W.	W. W.	TOTAL.	MAJ.
President of Council.				
David Lowenberg	146	134	280	112
Peter S. Harman	84	84	168	
Council.				
E. R. Drinker*	268	57½	325½	
Eli Jones*	231	79	310	
Isaiah Hagenbuch*	269	94½	363½	
Geo. W. Sterner*	93½	188	281½	
John Cadman*	16	258	274	
W. O. Holmes*	132½	126	258½	
Wm. Peacock	96½	142½	239	
Louis Bernhard	107½	121½	229	
B. F. Peacock	99	76	175	
I. W. Hartman	5	94	99	
J. W. Hendershott	89	8	97	
A. M. Rupert	8	45	53	

Those marked with a * are elected.

	E. W.	W. W.	TOTAL.	MAJ.
Justice of the Peace.				
I. J. Brower	203	161	364	361
E. J. Morris	63		63	
Constable.				
M. C. Woodward	264	232	496	362
T. J. Thornton	102	76	178	44
Jas C. Sterner	69	65	134	
Auditor.				
W. C. McKinney	200	152	352	262
J. B. Robison	33	57	90	
School Directors.				
B. F. Zarr	214	158	386	285
Samuel Knorr	118	140	258	188
J. M. Hower	26	74	100	
Chas. W. Correll	42	14	56	
Assessors.				
T. J. Morris	312	165	477 elected	
C. H. Brown	209	113	322 "	
Judge of Election.				
J. K. Eyer		79		17
E. J. Thornton		62		
Inspectors.				
D. W. Johnson		56		19
Jas. L. Brown		44		7
John T. Drinker		37		
Judge of Election.				
Caleb Barton	104			3
Andrew Solliday	101			
J. K. Good	43			
Inspectors.				
Samuel Jacoby	69			81
Isaiah R. Mendenhall	84			60
C. C. Marr	18			

J. H. Maize received two votes in the East Ward for Constable.

I. R. Mendenhall received two votes in the East Ward for Auditor.

The election passed off quietly. About a two-thirds vote was polled. No political significance attaches, but there are some striking evidences of personal popularity, though in Council matters there were so many "plumpers" voted that local interests added much of the apparent personal strength of candidates. The overwhelming vote of M. C. Woodward for Constable evinces the determination of the people of the Town to preserve good order and to sustain an efficient and most worthy officer in enforcing it. Annually sustained by similar majorities to that now given, it is a little strange that heretofore he has received least aid from Councils, but it is hoped the present one will strengthen his hands, and in thus affirming the voice of the people give fair notice to all wrongdoers that law and propriety are to be observed.

The new Council we believe will be an efficient one, and the other officers elected are generally well qualified for their positions. The re-election of Justice Brower was by unanimous consent, and but a light vote could have been cast against him had there been formal opposition.

The splendid majority for Mayor Lowenberg is a marked and honorable approval of the dignity and efficiency with which he has heretofore discharged the duties of Chief Executive Magistrate of the important Town of Bloomsburg.

Blank School Orders, in books, may now be obtained at the COLUMBIAN Office.

Sylvester Howell an employee of Thomas J. Vanderslice, was killed at Neal & Sons' furnace on Friday last, whilst loading coal. The pile was dug out from under in order to get dry coal. He was so engaged when the top gave way, killing him instantly. He was a son of Elias Howell of Mt. Pleasant township. His remains were interred at Vanderslice's Grave Yard on Monday last. He was a young man much respected in the community in which he lived.

From all parts of the country except the South we have accounts of extreme cold. In the northern part of the United States they tell about the thermometer standing as low as 47 or more degrees below zero, and in Canada it was much colder. We do not [illegible] that it is an [illegible], but we believe that the [illegible] "will [illegible]" that it never [illegible] in [illegible], and also that a [illegible] of [illegible] cold weather was never experienced. [illegible] that we have not heard anybody complaining that it was not cold enough to [illegible].

The [illegible] says the Thermometer [illegible] 17 degrees below zero [illegible] on the [illegible]. The boys would say that is pretty good for [illegible]. The Thermometers in this region were so [illegible] as to give a [illegible] but it [illegible] and [illegible] degrees below the freezing point, and we believe the conclusion is [illegible] that [illegible] was cold enough for all [illegible] purposes. Cold, like heat, may be [illegible] by concentration upon a point, and those Thermometers that showed a lower degree of cold than zero as prevailing here must have been situated in close proximity to [illegible] where the wind struck them so as to intensify the cold. It can scarcely be established that the mercury ever fell much below the freezing point in this region, where properly situated to test the exact degree of cold—certainly not more than one or two degrees, if so low. It may as well be understood that this is not a Siberian climate. Zero Fahrenheit is the [illegible] of cold at which the mercury stands when immersed in snow and salt.

Catarrh Snuff at MARR's.

Just step into LAYTON RUNYON's Hardware Store and see what a beautiful stock of Hardware he has on hand. Remember the place one door west of S. H. Miller & Son's store.

Read New Advertisement of W. P. JONES.

Go to I. W. HARTMAN'S for Feathers.

Still great reduced prices at E. M. KNORR's in order to make room for Spring Goods.

Large assortment of Collars and Cuffs, latest styles, just received by W. P. JONES, Catawissa.

Go to I. W. HARTMAN'S for Carpet Chain.

C. C. MARR pays cash or goods for fresh Butter.

Boot legs, hand fitted, at E. M. KNORR's, French and American Calf.

W. P. JONES, Catawissa, offers at cost Furs, Shawls, Underwear, Buck Gloves and Hats and Caps to close for the season.

Try the Anatomical Boot Maker at McKINNEY'S. His Boots and Shoes always fit.

New Calicoes and Muslins at MARR's.

Go to RUSSELL's for your Extra Maple Syrup—clear as crystal. Only One Dollar per Gallon.

WANTED.—100 lbs Real Hair Combings for which the highest market price will be paid in cash by W. P. JONES, Catawissa.

E. M. KNORR's price list of work made to measure:

French Calf stitched Boots	- - -	$11 00
" " " " footed	-	7 50
American Calf sewed Boots	- - -	9 00
" " " " footed	-	6 50

Go to I. W. HARTMAN'S for Cheap Dishes.

W. P. JONES, Catawissa, Pa., will open on Saturday, Feb. 20th, 500 yards Hamburg Edgings and Insertings, the largest and best [illegible] ever [illegible]. Very cheap [illegible].

Go to RUSSELL's for your Syrup and New Orleans Molasses.

FOR RENT.—A good two-story frame dwelling house situated on Court House square in the rear of Mrs. Ent's Brick building. A fine garden attached to the place—Possession given on the 1st of April, 1875. For further particulars, apply to Mrs. W. H. ENT, East Main Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Go to JONES' for Black Alpacas.

Our own make of Calf Boots, sewed, for $8,00, at E. M. KNORR's.

Go to MARR's for your Coffee, Teas and Spices.

MOYER & KLINE will give for the next thirty days great inducements in their line of business. Their stock consists in part of

Harness,
Saddles,
Whips,

and in fact all things kept in a first-class Harness and Saddler Establishment. Call and see them.

Go to MARR's for Hair Switches and Braids.

DANIEL YOUNG has removed his Clothing Store to Henry Hartman's building, in the room occupied as a Carpet Store, where he now has a full supply of goods. Call and see. Jan29tf

RUSSELL has a splendid lot of

Peach Butter,
Apple Butter,
Quince Butter,

Cranberries, Raisins, Dried Currants, Peaches, Prunellas, Corn and all Canned Fruit.

GEORGE W. BETTS is prepared to manufacture Boots & Shoes at short notice. Mending neatly and expeditiously done. Rooms above A. J. Evans' Tailoring establishment.

ROLLINS & HOLMES have removed to No. 17 Centre Street, below Main.

Don't be worried and annoyed with not only a poor quality of Coal but dirty and slaty beside, but buy of C. W. NEAL & BRO. who deal only in the best qualities. 25tf

$2.50 will buy a nice pair of Ladies Gaiters at E. M. KNORR's.

W. H. BROWN keeps the most complete and finest assortment of Groceries that can be purchased in market. His Groceries are fresh and are selected from first importers' hands. His prices are low, as he has purchased all goods at bottom figures to suit the times.

DECKER & STICKEL, Bakers, on Main Street, Bloomsburg, are prepared to supply families with Bread, Cakes in every desired variety, Pies, &c, of the very best quality and at prices to suit the times, promptly to order. Their facilities are first class, they use the very best material, and their work is done in the neatest and cleanliest manner. Give them a call and try their productions.

A very full line of Gentlemen's Goods of every description, including some of the finest and most fashionable in market, are now on hand at the large Merchant Tailoring establishment of A. J. EVANS, on Main Street, Bloomsburg, which will be made up in the neatest and most substantial style and sold at the most reasonable prices. Employing the very best of workmen the utmost satisfaction, both as to quality and style, will be given. All are invited to call and examine his stock.

The experienced and practical firm of THATCHER & GEARHART, Plumbers and Gas and Steam Fitters, are prepared to do all work in their line of business very promptly and in the best possible manner. They have also on hand at their Store on Main Street, Bloomsburg, a full assortment and general variety of Pumps, Gas and Oil Chandeliers, Lamps, Shades, Bronze Ornaments, Slate Mantles, Japaned Paper Ware, a most desirable article for household use. Their stock is the heaviest, the best and the cheapest ever brought to Bloomsburg, and embraces also the neatest and most fashionable articles. They respectfully invite the attention of the public to their goods and solicit an examination of the same.

TO THE PUBLIC.—Go to W. H. BROWN and get one pound best Tea in market, put up in a beautiful Japanned Gilt Canister, for one dollar.

ROLLINS & HOLMES have just received a large stock of Gas Fixtures. Call and see them.

Gents Over Gaiters at E. M. KNORR's.

All Coal sized and screened before leaving the old established coal yard of C. W. NEAL & BRO. 25tf

Gum Boots at E. M. KNORR's—every pair warranted.

W. H. BROWN [illegible] Canned Fruit [illegible] Sardines [illegible] French [illegible].

Concentrated Lye for sale at MOYER BROTHERS.

Men's Calf Boots at E. M. KNORR's for $5.00.

Ladies' and Misses' Gum Rubbers at E. M. KNORR's.

W. H. BROWN has [illegible] New [illegible].

Youth's Boots at E. M. KNORR's for 1.75.

Town orders taken by C. W. NEAL & BRO., in exchange for coal. 25tf

If you want a good Ham,
If you want cheap and good Tea,
If you want Coffee—Java or Rio,
If you want good Canned Fruit,
If you want the best Mackerel,
If you want Sugar at the least money,
If you want the best Syrups in town,
If you want good Cigars,
If you want good Tobacco,
If you want anything in the Grocery and Provision line go to RUSSELL's, Main Street.
6-25

COAL. COAL.

Old Established Coal Yard.

C. W. NEAL & BRO., Wholesale & Retail Dealers in all sizes of the [illegible] Red and White Ash Coal, at [illegible] market rates. Have constantly on hand large stocks of

Domestic,
Cupola,
Blacksmith's Anthracite,
Bituminous,
and Limeburner's Coal.

Especial attention given to the preparation of coal before leaving our yards. Grain and Lumber taken in exchange for coal. Coal delivered to any part of the town at short notice. Orders left at I. W. McKelvy's store, or at our office, will receive prompt attention. Office and Yard at William Neal & Sons' Furnace, East Bloomsburg. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

COAL. [7-4-25] COAL.

Ladies and Gents Buckle Arctics at E. M. KNORR's.

C. W. NEAL & BRO., spare no expense to send out nice coal. 25tf

E. MENDENHALL keeps constantly on hand, a full line of Dry Goods of every variety usually kept in a store, and also Groceries, provisions, &c. Country produce taken in exchange for goods at cash prices. Call and examine his stock.

The Oil of Gladness—the Farmer's Friend for sale at MOYER BROTHERS.

Paper Bags, Flour Sacks and Wrapping Paper of all kinds at Columbian Store, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Syrups, &c., at I. W. HARTMAN'S.

Foolscap, Legal Cap and Letter Paper cheap at COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

[illegible] and the balance [illegible] bargains if you wish them.

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

BLANK MORTGAGES for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

PAPER BAGS just received and for sale at the COLUMBIAN office.

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and linen paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and Trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

A TRIUMPH OVER HUMBUG.

It is not difficult to alarm the timid, and invalids are proverbially so. Aware of this fact, the venders of pseudo bitters, "entirely free from alcohol," have raised a false cry against tonic preparations containing spirits, and no doubt have frightened a few sick folks into purchasing the fermented rubbish which they sell, and which is infinitely more injurious than the vilest drams drunk at tavern bars. But already a tremendous reaction has set in against these abominable nostrums which, being devoid of the alcoholic basis which alone prevents liquid botanic preparations from turning sour, decompose almost as soon as made. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has lived and will live down multitudes of such impostures. A regular increase of the demand for the great alterative, derived from those who have always been its patrons, shows that they have not swerved in their time-honored allegiance to America's most popular remedy; and a constant influx of new orders demonstrates how little impression, after all, the blatant denunciations of the mock-bitters men have made upon the general public. So long as Hostetter's Bitters continue to cure and prevent intermittent and remittent fevers, dyspepsia, constipation, kidney disease, and the numerous other ailments to which they are adapted, they will continue [illegible] humbugs, and [illegible] turned [illegible] and knavery, that [illegible] into public [illegible] Hostetter's Bitters, the reputation of which is founded, as it were, upon a rock.

FOR ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS

nothing equals Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is a most powerful restorative tonic, also combining the most valuable nervine properties, especially adapting it to the wants of debilitated ladies suffering from weak back, [illegible] fever, congestion, inflammation, or ulceration, or from nervousness, or neuralgic pains. Mr. G. W. Seymour, druggist, of Canton, N. Y., writes Dr. Pierce as follows: "The demand for your Favorite Prescription is wonderful, and one man stated to me that his wife had not done a day's work in five months, when she commenced taking your Favorite Prescription, took two bottles and is now on the third bottle, and is able to do her house work alone and walk fourteen miles twice a day." Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is sold by all dealers in medicines.

WISTAR'S WILD CHERRY BALSAM.—The Balsamic compound has become a home fixture. Let all who suffer, and have in vain attempted to cure their coughs, colds, bronchial or pulmonary complaints, make use of this unequaled remedy. 50 cts. and $1 a bottle, large bottles much the cheaper.

THE CONFESSION OF AN INVALID.

PUBLISHED AS A WARNING and for the benefit of YOUNG MEN AND OTHERS who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOSS OF MANHOOD, etc., supplying the means of self-cure. Written by one who cured himself after undergoing considerable quackery, and sent free on receiving a post-paid directed envelope. [illegible]

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR,
[illegible] Box 153, Brooklyn, N. Y.

[illegible] a victim of [illegible] nervous debility, [illegible] remedy, [illegible] to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 78 Nassau St., New York.

July 3, '74—3m

To the Afflicted. No matter under what form of sickness you labor, there is one great truth you should keep in mind: All disease originates in an impure condition of the blood. Purify that, and the disease must depart; but you cannot purify the blood by the use of poisonous drugs, and exhaustive stimulants. The best Blood Purifier ever discovered is Dr. WALKER'S famous VINEGAR BITTERS, compounded of simple herbs. 4-w

Thousands have been changed by the use of the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of Iron) from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial. For Dyspepsia and Debility it is a specific.

"A DROP OF JOY IN EVERY WORD."

Flemington, Hunterdon Co., N. J., June 28, 1874.

Dr. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.: DEAR SIR—It is with a happy heart that I pen these lines to acknowledge that you and your Golden Medical Discovery and Purgative Pellets are blessings to the World. [illegible] cannot be too highly praised, for [illegible] almost brought me out of the grave. Three [illegible] was broken out with large ulcers and [illegible] on my body, limbs and face. I procured your Golden Medical Discovery and Purgative Pellets, and [illegible] six bottles, and to-day I am in good [illegible] all those ugly ulcers having healed and left my skin in a natural, healthy condition. I thought [illegible] not be cured. Although I can [illegible] gratitude to you, yet there is [illegible] God's blessing [illegible] you and your wonderful medicines is the [illegible].

Yours truly,
JAMES O. BELLIS.

[illegible]

[illegible] WISTAR'S [illegible]

[illegible]

CATARRH.

[illegible] Kennedy's [illegible] 75 cents [illegible] it never fails.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, free of charge, with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address

REV. E. A. WILSON,
194 Penn St., Williamsburgh, New York.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar st., New York.

Marriages.

In Shickshinny, Pa., February 4th, 1875 by Rev. A. F. [illegible], Mr. JOSIAH POTTER and Mrs. MARY [illegible], both of Shickshinny, Luzerne county, Pa.

Deaths.

[illegible] county [illegible] aged [illegible] years, [illegible]

[illegible]

In [illegible] January 13th, 1875, WILLIAM ELMORE, son of Nathaniel S. and Mary A. Weaver, aged 2 years, 2 months and 20 days.

STATEMENT OF THE FINANCES OF THE COUNTY OF COLUMBIA FROM JANUARY 1, 1874, TO JANUARY 1, 1875.

JOHN SNYDER, Esq., TREASURER.

DR.

1874.			
Jan.	To Amount outstanding for 1873 and previous		10,900 75
"	" from Wm. Lamon late Treasurer		9,780 07
"	" County tax assessed for 1874		22,880 69
"	" [illegible]		49 79
"	" Bland Peter rent court room	24 00	
"	" Preston Band do	15 00	
"	" Curtin "	7 33	
"	" Apple "	15 00	
"	" Pusk Family "	15 00	
"	" Wm. Krickbaum, for Arbitration room	14 00	
"	" B. F. Zarr,	2 00	
"	" B. F. Zarr, Jury fees	20 00	
"	" John Herner, old plank, Stablown	2 00	
"	" John Herner, old plank, Mendenhall's	9 50	
"	" A. B. Kitchen, old plank, Patterson's or Kline's	2 00	
"	" Geo. [illegible], old plank, [illegible]	4 50	
"	" S. Hagenbuch, old plank [illegible]	7 00	
"	" Wm. McMichael old plank, Parvel's bridge	2 00	
"	" J. M. Chamberlin, roof at jail	2 00	
"	" D. Lowenberg, Stone at court house	15 00	
"	" [illegible], tax, Rumsey's estate Montour	47	
"	" Wm. [illegible], tax, Orange	27	
"	" Jacob [illegible], tax, Beaver	6 52	
"	" " " " R. Creek	9 24	
"	" D. Yetter, tract Main	26 40	
"	" Yetter & Kisse, tract tax Catawissa	12 95	
"	" Jno. Falls, tract tax Madison	3 51	
"	" Locust Mt. C. & Iron Co., Conyngham	92 35	
"	" North'd Co., for bridge repair on county line	17 44	
"	" J. J. [illegible], on suit from Schuylkill county	117 45	
"	" Schuylkill county, on suit [illegible]	470 87	
"	" [illegible], refunded	2 00	
"	" [illegible] money, six [illegible]	103 76	
"	" [illegible] Money, S. Gro[illegible]	7 25	
"	" [illegible] and for [illegible] dog fund	100 00	
"	" [illegible] for support of [illegible]	107 65	1,264 65
"	" County tax on unseated land	359 54	
"	" Road " " " land	2,124 06	
"	" School " " " land	2,424 28	
"	" Poor " " " land	1,275 84	
"	" Bounty " " " land	51 54	6,739 24
"	" County " " seated land	15 42	
"	" Road " " " land	23 74	
"	" School " " " land	162 25	
"	" Poor " " " land	79 04	
"	" Bounty " " " land	7 91	288 36
			44,970 17

CR.

By tax uncollected of 1874:		
[illegible]	[illegible]	
Briarcreek	[illegible]	8,942 74
By tax uncollected for 1873:		
Benton	100 97	
Berwick	102 60	
[illegible]	[illegible]	
Sugarloaf	50 57	1,459 29
		10,348 23
By county orders redeemed	32,?34 17	
By commission allowed Treasurer	[illegible]	
By exonerations	25 00	
By commission treasurer	1,281 37	
By county tax to meet quota of state tax	158 11	
By amount in hands of Treasurer	31 32	34,625 94
		44,970 17

JOHN SNYDER, ESQ., TREASURER OF COLUMBIA COUNTY, IN ACCOUNT WITH DOG FUND FOR 1874.

DR.

1874			
Jan.	To Amount due at last settlement	704 06	
"	" Amount assessed for 1874	1,516 51	
"	" Amount due Treasurer	232 06	2,452 69

CR.

By amount due on duplicates of 1874:		
Beaver	[illegible]	
Benton	[illegible]	
Berwick	[illegible]	
Bloom	[illegible]	
Briarcreek	[illegible]	
Catawissa	[illegible]	
Centralia	[illegible]	
Centre	[illegible]	
Conyngham	[illegible]	
Fishingcreek	[illegible]	
Franklin	[illegible]	
Greenwood	[illegible]	
Hemlock	[illegible]	
Jackson	[illegible]	
Locust	[illegible]	
Madison	[illegible]	
Main	[illegible]	
Mifflin	[illegible]	
Montour	[illegible]	
Mt. Pleasant	[illegible]	
Orange	[illegible]	
Pine	[illegible]	
Roaringcreek	[illegible]	
Scott	[illegible]	
Sugarloaf	[illegible]	1,115 51
Amount due in 1873		
Benton	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	
Sugarloaf	[illegible]	[illegible]
		1,222 81
By amount due Treasurer at last settlement	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	1,229 81
		2,452 69

CONTINGENT EXPENSES FOR 1874.

[illegible]

[illegible]	[illegible]	784 ??

COURTS, JURORS' PAY AND CONSTABLES RETURNS, &c.

[illegible]

COSTS IN COMMONWEALTH CASES.

[illegible]

Paid R. H. [illegible], Dist. Attorney	[illegible]	
Paid [illegible]	22 45	
Paid Jas. [illegible], District Attorney	73 00	564 12

ROAD AND BRIDGE VIEWS AND ROAD DAMAGES.

Paid sundry persons road and bridge views	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	
Wm. [illegible], Greenwood	130 00	1,885 30

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE AND COURT HOUSE.

Paid [illegible]	12 00	
Paid Peter Jones, [illegible] for Prothonotary	1 25	
Paid [illegible], [illegible] for Recorder	4 50	
Paid [illegible], auditing public accounts	12 00	
Paid J. W. Hendershott, 1 lamp	70	
Paid [illegible] & Moser, pump for [illegible]	10 63	
Paid [illegible]	7 49	
Paid [illegible] lamp	1 ??	
Paid [illegible] & Moser [illegible]	4 12	
[illegible]	4 50	
Paid [illegible]	4 00	
Paid [illegible]	8 12	
Paid Wm. C. McKinney, dry good bill	1 09	
Paid I. W. Hartman, seed court house yard	1 06	
Paid J. J. Robbins, manure [illegible]	2 00	
Paid Bloomsburg Lumber company, bills rendered, court room	[illegible]	
Paid J. M. Chamberlin, repair to clock	50	
Paid Peter Jones, et al. material and work court house	42 85	
Paid [illegible], court house yard	3 56	
Paid [illegible], Ornamental work and material	3 27	
Paid [illegible], lumber for cistern [illegible]	4 50	
Paid Thatcher & Gearhart, gas fixtures, &c., on account	400 00	
Paid Peter Jones, work at court house yard	6 25	
Paid Peter Jones, work at court room	75 00	
Paid J. K. Girton, et al. bill rendered	52	
Paid D. C. Hartman, carpets, &c., court house	207 58	
Paid Isaiah Hagenbuch, bill rendered	27 74	
Paid E. Mendenhall, lumber at court house	21 16	
Paid D. Lowenberg, covering for court room doors	15 02	
Paid Moyer Bros., paints and oil, court room	144 45	
Paid Isaiah Hagenbuch [illegible] coal, court house	101 35	
Paid [illegible], straps for Prothonotary	2 35	
Paid A. W. Monroe, painting court room	132 50	
Paid Hendershott, Brown & Nuss, bill rendered	33 05	
Paid sundry persons bill for court house and room	34 03	
Paid Moyer Bros., paint and oil court house	124 81	
Paid Moyer Bros., glass for clock faces	117 98	
Paid Wm. [illegible], painting court house	49 32	
Paid Peter Jones, et al. bill court house	8 14	
Paid John S. Sterner, putting glass in clock	38 00	
Paid J. H. Maize, et al. bill rendered	9 89	
Paid B. R. Menagh, painting court room on account	125 00	
Paid S. H. Miller & Son, bills rendered	17 56	
Paid Daniel Miller, painting court house	15 69	
Paid John K. Girton, work at court house	64 50	
Paid D. W. Miller, " " " house	58 95	
Paid S. H. Jacoby, work at court house yard	11 75	
Paid Mrs. Ingold, cleaning court house	21 00	
Paid Wm. Shaffer, commissioner	398 00	
" " " expenses holding appeals	27 00	
Paid Wm. Lawton, commissioner	274 00	
" " expenses holding appeals	16 00	
Paid John Herner, commissioner	273 00	
" " expenses holding appeals	10 00	
Paid Wm. Krickbaum, clerk	650 00	
" " copying registry books, &c.	170 00	
Paid John C. Freeze, Attorney and Counsel	100 00	5,915 15

COUNTY JAIL.

Paid J. R. Evans, medical bill	28 ?7	
" S. K. Thomas, smithing bill	2 00	
" Peter Jones, lumber and work jail [illegible]	2?	
Paid [illegible] & Moser, [illegible]	2 00	
" [illegible], repair at locks	2 0	
" Michael Walter, work at cistern	2 ?6	
Paid [illegible]	2 50	
" Wm. M. Brain & Sons, et al. [illegible]	78 ??	
Paid N. Grover, 2 shirts	2 75	
" [illegible] Hagenbuch, spouting	14 37	
" [illegible], lining jail cells	27 ??	
" [illegible], hauling dirt, &c.	3 ??	
" [illegible]	131 67	
[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	240 50	
" [illegible]	13 ??	
[illegible]	8 13	
[illegible]	24 00	
[illegible]	13 22	
Paid [illegible]	24 00	
" S. H. [illegible]	20 00	
" Jones & [illegible], bill at jail kitchen	26 58	
Paid D. W. Miller, work at jail	10 50	
" Isaiah Hagenbuch, stove repairs, &c.	6 10	
Paid [illegible], blankets	12 25	
" [illegible] Lumber	9 38	
" Bloomsburg Lumber Co., [illegible]	7 26	
Paid S. H. Miller et al., and Son, [illegible]	11 25	
Paid J. F. [illegible] & co., et al., bill rendered	8 25	
Paid Peter [illegible] work	1 02	
" J. M. Chamberlin pump repaired	1 50	
Paid Peter Jones for hen house	6 41	
" Aaron Smith boarding prisoners, viz:		

Jacob Fisher	21 days
Timothy Thomas	69 "
Chas. [illegible]	16 "
[illegible]	6 "
Elias [illegible]	22 "
[illegible]	17 "
[illegible]	51 "
Elias [illegible]	19 "
Thos. [illegible]	14 "
[illegible]	121 "
[illegible]	14 "
[illegible]	50 "
[illegible]	55 "
[illegible]	120 "
[illegible] Murphy	1 "
[illegible]	59 "
[illegible]	21 "
[illegible]	5 "
[illegible]	3 "
W. Morris	3 "
[illegible]	63 "
[illegible]	31 "
[illegible]	6 "
Daniel Dall	14 "

at 40 cts 777	321 80	
Turnkey fees eleven dollars		1147 74

STATIONARY POSTAGE AND PRINTING.

Paid Sundry persons as per bills rendered for Stationary for [illegible]	78 66	
[illegible]	[illegible]	919 06

[illegible]

[illegible]	[illegible]	150 00

BRIDGE BUILDING AND REPAIRS.

[illegible]

FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP.

[illegible]

GREENWOOD TOWNSHIP.

[illegible]

HEMLOCK TOWNSHIP.

[illegible]

LOCUST TOWNSHIP.

[illegible]

MAIN TOWNSHIP.

[illegible]

MT. PLEASANT TOWNSHIP.

[illegible]

" J. V. [illegible], Kline P. House	127 75	
" Jos. Barger et al., Kline P. House	64 83	
" J. C. Brown for measuring P. House	7 50	

ORANGE TOWNSHIP.

Paid A. B. Kitchen & Snyder repair Bowman's	2 00
" H. H. Kline et al., rebuilding Kline's	87 92
" Peter Ent plank Kline's	14 00
" [illegible] iron for above Orangeville	2 77
" D. Savage et al., lumber & work above Orangeville	148 58
" C. H. & B. [illegible] plank	11 12
" H. R. Kline et al., repair above Orangeville	55 50

PINE TOWNSHIP.

Paid Geo. W. Derr et al., repair Shoemaker's	19 00
" Jos. Shoemaker Lumber Shoemaker's	84 94

SCOTT.

Paid S. H. Jacoby et al. repair Espy	85 40
" R. C. Johnson repair Lt. St.	4 10

SUGAR LOAF TOWNSHIP.

Paid Allima Cole repair Colecreek	6 94	
" J. B. Hess repair Hess'	62 50	
" S. H. Jacoby barrel cement delivered	5 03	7036 87

PENITENTIARY AND ASYLUM.

Paid Support of David Shay Danville	172 60	
" " " L. H. Mitton Danville	181 99	
" " " G. W. Fox Danville	107 63	
" Support convicts Es. Penitentiary	186 57	648 17

ASSESSORS PAY.

Paid James T. Fox et al., making the spring assessments and the Registry of voters during the year	779 80	779 80

FOX SCALPS.

Paid Sundry person during the year	97 00	97 00

ELECTION EXPENSES.

Paid Constables attending elections	251 75	
" Judges and election officers spring election	298 64	
" " " " Fall election	435 38	
" Room Rent for spring election	46 50	
" " " " fall "	10 50	
" For Laws blanks in part &c.	41 65	1167 92

TAXES REFUNDED.

Amount refunded during the year	1314 27	1314 27

BLANK BOOKS.

Paid For books for the offices during the year	297 87	297 87

RECAPITULATION.

Miscellaneous expenses	755 91	
Courts, Jurors pay and constables returns	4565 59	
Costs in Commonwealth cases	564 12	
R. & B. Views and Road damages	1885 30	
Commissioners office and Court House	5915 15	
County Jail	1147 74	
Stationery, Postage and Printing	919 06	
Inquisitions	15 [illegible]	
Bridge building and repairs	7036 87	
Penitentiary and Asylum	648 17	
Assessors pay	779 80	
Fox Scalps	97 00	
Election expenses	1167 92	
Taxes refunded	1314 27	
Blank Books	297 87	32 634 47

AMOUNT OF ORDERS ISSUED.

Deduct from amount of orders issued, $[illegible] support of G. W. Fox and $[illegible] refunded by Schuylkill Co. for jury expenses and $[illegible] Tax refunded, leaves $21,051 29, actual expenses for the year.

SHEEP ORDERS ISSUED.

Benton	145 75	
Catawissa	[illegible]	
Centre	[illegible]	
Fishingcreek	[illegible]	
Franklin	[illegible]	
Greenwood	[illegible]	
Hemlock	[illegible]	
Jackson	[illegible]	
Locust	[illegible]	
Madison	[illegible]	
Main	[illegible]	
Mifflin	[illegible]	
Montour	[illegible]	
Mt. Pleasant	[illegible]	
Orange	[illegible]	
Pine	[illegible]	
Scott	7 00	
Sugar Loaf	32 50	
Total Amount		$1448 00

STATEMENT OF DOG TAX.

Orders of 1867 unpaid	[illegible]	
" " 1870	[illegible]	
" " 1873	[illegible]	
" " 1874	1481 00	
Amount overpaid and due treasurer	232 6	
	1694 6	
Tax uncollected $1,232,81		
Prob. com. and ex. off. 15,00	1,082 [illegible]	
Excess of damage of said fund's	611 25	

This leaves the sheep fund $611,25 in arrears

This leaves the dog fund $20 more in arrears than it was one year ago

The amount of sheep damage in 1874 is greater than for any one previous year

COUNTY FINANCES.

ASSETS.

Taxes due and uncollected	10,843 23	
Probable commission and expenses off	1,500 00	
	9,343 23	
Add amount in hands of treasurer	31 32	
Add note of Gera Hower for Slabtown bridge	155 60	
Total Assets		$9,100 15

LIABILITIES.

Taxes and redemption money held by county, uncalled for, about	1200 00	
Road damage assessed and due or becoming due, "estimated"	1000 00	
Thatcher & Gearhart balance on gas bill	[illegible]	
Aaron Smith sheriffs' bill	[illegible]	
Michael Grower	[illegible]	
Commonwealth costs "estimated"	[illegible]	
Bridge repairs unpaid " "	[illegible]	
Due Sullivan county, Jury bill, in case taken from this county	216 68	
Due Bloomsburg gas company	[illegible]	[illegible]
Real assets January 1st 1875		$5710 14

We the undersigned, Commissioners of Columbia county, do hereby certify that the following is a correct statement of the accounts of said county for the year A. D. 1874.

WILLIAM LAWTON,
JOHN HERNER,
JOHN ENT.
Commissioners.

Attest: WM. KRICKBAUM, Clerk.

We the undersigned Auditors of Columbia county having [illegible] and settled the accounts [illegible] Treasurer and [illegible] Columbia [illegible].

[illegible]

C. J. CAMPBELL,
S. J. SMITH,
DAVID YOST,
County Auditors.

REPORT of the County Auditors in the [illegible] Account [illegible] John Snyder, Esq., Treasurer of Columbia County, in account with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

DR.

1874. *Tax on Personal Property.*		
Quota fixed for 1874	$1,941,90	$1941,90
Tax on Bank Stock.		
To amt. assessed and returned for 1874.	375,00	375,
Eating House License.		
To amt. received during the year	220,00	220,00
Tavern and Liquor Store License.		
To amt. received during the year	910,00	910,00
Retailers License.		
To amt. returned by Mer. Appraiser	1327,00	
" Additional received	13,25	1,340,25
Brewers License.		
To amt. received	100 00	100 00

CR.

1874.		
By State Treasurer's receipt dated August 1st	1826,57	
" Commission for collecting	97,09	
" Commission allowed Treasurer,	18,44	1941,90
" State Treas. receipt dated Aug. 1st	352,02	
" Commission allowed Collectors	18,75	
Commission allowed Treasurer	3,52	375,00
By State Treas. receipts, dated April 1st and July 2nd	209,00	
Commission allowed Treasurer	11,00	220,00
" State Treas. receipts, dated April 1st and July 2nd	864,50	
" Commission allowed Treasurer,	45,50	910,00
By State Treas. receipts, dated July and Oct. 1874	1720,00	
" Printers receipts, three,	61,70	
" Treasurers Com. on $1 000,	50,00	
" " " $840,25	8,49	1840,25
By State Treasurers receipt, Oct. 6th	95,00	
" Commission allowed Treasurer	5,00	100 00

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Columbia County, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do certify that in pursuance of the 12th Section of the Act entitled "An Act relating to counties and townships, &c," passed the 15th day of April, 1834, we met at the Commissioners Office in the county of Columbia, on the 4th day of Jan. 1875, and did audit, adjust and settle the several accounts required of us by law, agreeably to the several Acts of Assembly and Supplements thereto, according to the best of our judgment and abilities. In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals, at the office aforesaid, this seventh day of January 1875.

C. J. CAMPBELL, [seal]
S. J. SMITH, [seal]
DAVID YOST, [seal]
County Auditors.

A GREAT STRIDE!

:o:

Up and Over Old Methods found to be faulty, or objectionable, discarded!

:o:

A NEW AND VASTLY ADVANTAGEOUS PLAN HEREBY ADOPTED BY

G. M. & J. K. LOCKARD

At their Works in Bloomsburg,

Formerly Bloomsburg Iron and Manufacturing company, where will be kept constantly on hand a large assortment of

White and Red Ash Anthracite Coal,

FOR DOMESTIC PURPOSES, AND

CUPULO, BLACKSMITH AND BITUMINOUS COAL,

at prices to suit the trade. All Coal specially prepared before leaving the Yard. Also

Plows and Threshing Machines,

and all kinds of

Casting and Machine Work.

REPAIRING promptly attended to. They would respectfully solicit the Patronage of the Public.

G. M. & J. K. LOCKARD,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Jan. 8, '74—ly

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING,

AND

Gentlemen's Dress Goods.

DAVID LOWENBERG

invites attention to his large and elegant stock of

Cheap and Fashionable Clothing,

at his store on

MAIN STREET, IN THE NEW BLOCK,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

including the most fashionable, durable and handsome

DRESS GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

BOX
SACK,
FROCK,
GUM,
AND OIL CLOTH,

COATS AND PANTS,

OF ALL SORTS SIZES AND COLORS,

He has also replenished his already large stock of

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
STRIPED,
FIGURED,
AND PLAIN VESTS,
SHIRTS,
CRAVATS
SOCKS,
COLLARS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS,
AND

FANCY ARTICLES.

He has constantly on hand a large and well selected assortment of

Cloths and Vestings,

which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear and most of it is of home manufacture.

GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, FINE AND CHEAP.

HIS CASE OF JEWELRY IS NOT SURPASSED IN THIS PLACE.

CALL AND EXAMINE HIS GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Clothing, Watches, Jewelry, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG.

[illegible]

LIGHT STREET

BUGGY & CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY

H. F. OGAN has to inform the public [illegible] under the firm name of

H. F. OGAN & BROTHER.

They will keep on hand or manufacture to order

BUGGIES,
CARRIAGES,
SPRING WAGONS,
LIGHT WAGONS,
ROAD WAGONS,

[illegible] workmanship, and as [illegible].

[illegible] public patronage is respectfully solicited.

H. F. OGAN & BROTHER.

KEYSTONE CARRIAGE WORKS!

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

A. S. CROSSLEY has on hand and for sale cheaper than the cheapest, for cash, or will exchange for old Wagons on reasonable terms,

CARRIAGES,
BUGGIES,
AND
WAGONS

of every description both plain and fancy.

[illegible] Platform Spring Wagons of all the latest style [illegible]. I claim that I make the best wagon for the least money.

[illegible] painting, trimming and repairing work [illegible] welded and [illegible].

A. S. CROSSLEY.

Miscellaneous.

THE BAR-TENDER'S STORY.

When I knowed him at first there was suthin'
—A sort of a general air—
That was very particular pleasin'
And what you might call debonair.
I'm aware the expression is Frenchy,
And rather high daddy, perhaps;
Which accounts that I have the acquaintance
Of several quality chaps.

But he got to incresin' his doses,
And took 'em more often, he did,
And it growed on him faster and faster
Till later a bummer he slid.
I was grieved to observe this here feller
A slidin' himself down the grade,
And I lectured him onto it sometimes
At the risk of spilin' the trade.

At last he got thunderin' seedy,
And he lost the respect for himself,
And all his high notions of honor
Was bundled away on the shelf.
But at times he was dreadful remorseful
Whenever he'd stop for to think,
And he'd swear to reform himself frequent,
And end it by taking a drink.

What saved the young feller? A woman!
She come it the singierest way.
He come into the bar-room one evenin'
(He hadn't been drinkin' that day,)
And he sot himself down to a table
With a terrible sorrowful face,
And he sot there a groanin repeated,
And callin' himself a gone case.

He was thinkin' and thinkin' and thinkin',
And cussin' himself for his fate,
And he ended his thinkin' as usual
By orderin' a Bourbon straight
He was holdin' the glass in his fingers,
When into the place from the street,
There come a young gal like a spirit,
With a face that was powerful sweet.

And she glided right up to the table
And took the glass gently away,
And she says to him, "George, it is over:
I am only a woman to-day!
I rejected you once in my anger,
But I come to you lowly and meek,
For I can't live without you, my darling,
And I thought I was strong, but I'm weak.

"You are bound into terrible bondage,
And I come, love, to share it with you:
Is there shame in the deed? I can bear it,
For at last to my love I am true;
I have turned from the home of my childhood
And I come to my love and friend,
Leaving comfort, contentment and honor,
And I'll stay to the terrible end.

"Is there hunger and want in the future?
I will share it with you and not shrink!
And together we'll join in the pleasures,
The woes and the dangers of drink."
Then she raised up the glass firm and steady,
But her face was as pale as the dead—
"Here's to wine and the joy of carousals,
The songs and laughter," she said.

Then he riz up, his face like a tempest,
And took the glass out of her hand,
And flung it away, stern and savage,
And I tell you his manner was grand!
And he says, "I have done with it, Nelly;
And I'll turn from the ways I have trod,
And I'll live to be worthy of you, dear,
So help me a merciful God!

"You have saved me, my love and my darling,
On a noble and womanly plan;
Go back to your home till I seek you
In the garb and the strength of a man!"

* * * * * * * * * *

I seen that same feller last Monday,
Lookin' nobby and handsome and game;
He was wheelin' a vehicle, gen'lemen,
And a baby was into the same.

About the Hair.

Men become bald! Why? Because they wear close hats and caps. Women are never bald. Sometimes, from long continued headache, heat in the scalp, bad hair-dressing and some other causes women may have bare spots here and there; but with all these causes combined, you never see a woman with a bare, shiny, bald head. And you never see a man lose a hair below where the hat touches his skull. It will take it off clean as you can shave it down exactly to that line, but never a hair below, not if he has been bald fifty years. The common black stiff hat, as impervious as sheet iron, retains heat and perspiration. The little hair glands, which bear the same relation to the hair that the seed wheat does to the plant above the ground, become too weak to sustain the hair. It falls out and baldness exists. A fur cap we have known to produce complete baldness in a single winter.

A man with a good head of hair needs very little protection when the hair grows. Women who live much within doors, and who are therefore peculiarly susceptible to the cold, oil their hair and plaster it down hard and flat upon their skulls, so as to destroy nine-tenths of its power as a non-conductor, have worn for years postage-stamps of bonnets stuck on the back of their skulls and then going out of furnace-heated parlors, have ridden for hours in a very low temperature without taking cold and without complaint.

Man, with his great vigor and habits of out-door life, and with his hair not plastered down, but thrown up loose and light, can no doubt go to the north pole, so far as that part of his person is concerned, without any artificial covering. And yet we men can wear immensely thick fur caps, and what amounts to sheet iron hats, and do not dare step out in a chilly atmosphere a moment lest we take cold. It is silly, weak and really a serious error. The Creator knew what he was about when he covered a man's skull with hair. It was a very important function in protecting the brain. Baldness is a serious misfortune. It will never occur to any man who will wear such a hat as we do—a common black high silk hat with five hundred holes through the top, so that there will be more hole than hat. This costs nothing; the hatter will do that for you when you purchase your hat. If the nap be combed back the wrong way, and if after the holes are made it be combed the right way, no one will ever observe the peculiarity. The hat will wear quite as long, the hatters say considerably longer, because it is dry instead of moist; in brief, there is not a single objection to it, while it will certainly prevent baldness and and keep the top of the head cool and prevent much headache.

Platform of the Illinois Farmers.

The Illinois farmers met in Convention at Springfield, last week, and adopted a platform which is substantially as follows: That the great political evil of the past and present time has been and is class legislation in favor of the financial, mercantile, manufacturing, and transportation interests as against the farmer and laborer; demanding a reduction of official salaries, and a general reform in the civil service; improvement of the national water courses; the removal of the tariff on clothing, lumber, salt, iron, and steel; opposing further Government aid to corporations; demanding the repeal of the national banking law and substitution of legal tenders in place of national currency; legal tenders to be receivable for import duties and interchangeable for 3-65 registered bonds; demanding a revision of the patent laws; the enforcement of the railroad laws of the State and opposing Congressional legislation, which will deprive the States of the control of railroads (a right which they will never consent to relinquish;) condemning the reception of railroad passes by public officers, and favoring the adoption of a State revenue system similar to that of Pennsylvania, and finally endorsing the call heretofore issued for the national convention at Cleveland, on the 11th of March next, to consider the general interests of the industrial classes and the formation of a national party. The convention elected delegates and adjourned.

A true philanthropist and a well-trained horse always stop at the sound of we.

A Stupid Witness.

There is a point beyond which human forbearance cannot go, and the most even of tempers will become ruffled at times. At the assizes held during the past year at Lincoln, England, both judge and counsel had had much trouble to make the timid witnesses upon a trial speak sufficiently loud to be heard by the jury, and it is possible that the temper of the counsel may thereby have been turned aside from the even tenor of its way. After this gentleman had gone through the various stages of the bar pleading, and had coaxed, threatened and even bullied witnesses, there was called into the box a young ostler, who appeared to be simplicity personified.

"Now, sir," said the counsel, in a tone he would at any other time denounced as vulgarly loud. "I hope we shall have no difficulty in making you speak up."

"I hope not, zur!" was shouted, or rather bellowed, out by the witness, in tones which almost shook the building, and would have certainly alarmed any timid or nervous lady.

"How dare you speak in that way, sir!" said the counsel.

"Please zur, I can't speak any louder, zur," said the astonished witness, attempting, to speak louder than before, evidently thinking the fault to be in speaking too softly.

"Pray have you been drinking this morning?" shouted the counsel, who now had thoroughly lost the remaining remnant of his temper.

"Yes, zur," was the reply.

"And what have you been drinking?"

"Coffee zur."

"And what did you have in your coffee, sir?" shouted the exasperated counsel.

"A spoon, zur," was the answer, innocently given, amid the roars of the whole court —excepting only the now thoroughly wild counsel, who flung down his brief and rushed out of the court.

THE PRINTER'S STORY.—We 1ce saw a young man gazing at the *ry heavens, with a † in 1 ☞ and a ⌢ of pistols in the other. We Ndeavored 2 attract his at10tion by ☞ing 2 a paper we held in our ☞ relating 2 a young man in that ¶ of the country who had left home in a st8 of derangement. He dropped the † and pistols from his ☞ ☞, with the! "It is I of whom U read! I left home be4 my friends knew my design.—I s0 the ☞ of a young lady who refused to lis10 to me, but smiled upon another. I ——ed from the house uttering a wild! 2 the god of love and without replying to the ?? of my friends came here with this † and ⌢ of pistols 2 put a . to my exis10ce. My case has no ‖ in this ¶."

An anxious mother, in Scotland, was taking leave of her son on his departure for England, and giving him good advice. "My dear Sandy, my ain bairn, gang south, and get all the siller ye can from the southern—tak' everything ye can; but the English are a brave boxin' people, and take care o'them, Sandy—never fight a bald man, for ye canna catch him by the hair."

"You have a pleasant home and a bright fireside, with happy children sitting around it, haven't you?" said the Judge. "Yes, sir," said Mr. Thompson, who thought he saw a way out of the difficulty. "Well," said the Judge, "if the happy children sit around the cheerful fireside until you return they will stay there just forty-three days, as I shall have to send you up for that time."

When Lamartine was in the ascendant, at the early part of the revolution of 1848, his merits were being discussed at a club of artists and authors. "Ah!" said a clever young author, "he and I row in the same boat." Douglas Jerrold, who was present, turned round, and said, "But not with the same skulls."

'What is your business?' said the magistrate of a police court the other morning to a prisoner. 'I'm an observationist, your worship.' 'An observationist! what is that?' 'One who looks around in the daytime to see what he can steal at night, if it please your worship.'

An act of the Kansas Legislature is said to give mothers the absolute control of their children. That is an easy way for the State to have its families controlled. In too many cases the children have absolute control of their mothers.

A young American lady having promised her grandma that she would never marry a certain fellow "on the face of the earth," repaired with him, after the old lady's death, to the Mammoth Cave in Kentucky, and was married underground.

A modern philosopher thinks it is a mistake to suppose women have stronger attachments than men. A man is often attached to an old hat; but he asks, "Who ever heard of a woman being attached to an old bonnet?"

A wag, on seeing his friend with something under his cloak, asked him what it was. "A poiniard," answered he. But he observed that it was a bottle. Taking it from him and drinking the contents, he returned it, saying, "There, I give you the *scabbard* back again."

A smile costs the giver nothing; yet it is beyond all price to the erring and repenting, the sad and cheerless, the lost or forsaken. It disarms malice, subdues temper, turns enmity to love, revenge to kindness, and paves the darkest paths with gems of sunlight.

The Chicago *Times* says: "It takes a hundred clerks to turn over the amount received as fines from the military court-martial to the National Military Asylum. The salaries of these clerks amount to ten times the amount of the fines. This is one of the peculiar advantages of the circumlocution office."

They only spent $30,000 on Kalakaua in Washington, whereas they spent $20,000,000 on Boss Shepherd. But Kalakaua is only a King and Shepherd was a right bower.

Ladies think that there ought to be a law against men smoking cigars on the public promenade. There is a law—*the law of politeness*—but it is often violated.

Why should soldiers be rather tired on the first of April? Because they have just had a March of thirty-one days

Self-made men are apt to worship their maker.

To obtain a good name—Consult the directory.

An order issued by poor and imbecile rules is the order of *things*.

An artist is not so strong as a horse, but he can draw a larger object.

The gentleman who was given to understand has been returned to the donor.

"I have given you an honest opinion, madam." "Sir, you never had one."

A piano affords a young lady a good chance to show her fingering and her finger-ring.

VEGETINE

Purifies the blood, Renovates and Invigorates the whole System.

ITS MEDICAL PROPERTIES ARE

Alterative, Tonic, Solvent and Diuretic.

VEGETINE is made exclusively from the juices of carefully-selected barks, roots and herbs, and so strongly concentrated, that it will effectually eradicate from the system every taint of Scrofula, Scrofulous Humor, Tumors, Cancer, Cancerous Humor, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Syphilitic Diseases, Canker, Faintness at the Stomach, and all diseases that arise from impure blood. Sciatica, Inflammatory and chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout and Spinal complaints, can only be effectually cured through blood.

For Ulcers and Eruptive Diseases of the Skin Pustules, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Tetter, Scaldhead and Ringworm, VEGETINE has never failed to effect a permanent cure.

For Pains in the Back, Kidney complaints, Dropsy, Female Weakness, Leucorrhœa, arising from internal ulceration, and uterine diseases and General Debility, VEGETINE acts directly upon the causes of these complaints. It invigorates and strengthens the whole system, acts upon the secretive organs, allays inflammation, cures ulceration and regulates the bowels.

For Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Headache, Piles, Nervousness and General Prostration of the Nervous System, no medicine has ever give such perfect satisfaction as the VEGETINE. It purifies the blood, cleanses all of the organs, and possesses a controlling power over the nervous system.

The remarkable cures affected by VEGETINE have induced many physicians and apothecaries whom we know to prescribe and use it in their own families.

In fact, VEGETINE is the best remedy yet discovered for the above diseases, and is the only reliable Blood Purifier yet placed before the public.

PREPARED BY

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

WHAT IS VEGETINE?—It is a compound extracted from barks, roots and herbs. It is Nature's Remedy. It is perfectly harmless from any bad effect upon the system. It is nourishing and strengthening. It acts directly upon the blood. It quiets the nervous system. It gives you good, sweet sleep at night. It is a great panacea for our aged fathers and mothers; for it gives them strength, quiets their nerves, and gives them Nature's sweet sleep,—as has been proved by many an aged person. It is the great Blood Purifier. It is a soothing remedy for our children. It has relieved and cured thousands. It is very pleasant to take; every child likes it. It relieves and cures all diseases originating from impure blood. Try the VEGETINE. Give it fair trial for your complaints; then you will say to your friend, neighbor and acquaintance, "Try it: it has cured me."

VEGETINE for complaints for which it is recommended, is having a larger sale throughout the United States than any other one medicine. Why? Vegetine will Cure these Complaints.

VALUABLE INFORMATION.

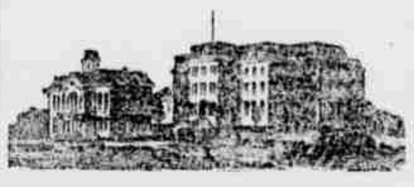
BOSTON, Dec. 12, 1869.

Gentlemen—My only object in giving you this testimonial is to spread valuable information. Having been badly afflicted with Salt Rheum, and the whole surface of my skin being covered with pimples and eruptions, many of which caused me great pain and annoyance, and knowing it to be a blood disease, I took many of the advertised preparations, among which was any quantity of Sarsaparilla, without obtaining any benefit until I commenced taking the VEGETINE, and before I had completed the first bottle I saw that I had got the right medicine. Consequently, I followed on with it until I had taken seven bottles, when I was pronounced a well man, and my skin is smooth and entirely free from pimples and eruptions. I have never enjoyed so good health before, and I attribute it all to the use of VEGETINE. To benefit those afflicted with Rheumatism, I will make mention also of the VEGETINE's wonderful power of curing me of this acute complaint, of which I have suffered so intensely.

C. H. TUCKER, Pas. Ag't Mich. C. R. R.,
69 Washington street, Boston.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.
Jan.29,'75—1y

BLOOMSBURG



State Normal School.

THIS Institution affords to students preparing for the profession of TEACHING, excellent facilities for improvement in the most approved methods of instruction.

For the accommodation of students desiring preparation for College, or for the business relations of life, an Academic Department is organized, which affords the most ample facilities for so doing.

Each course of study is complete in itself,

Superior advantages are offered for instruction in MUSIC and LANGUAGES.

Fall Session commences Wednesday, August 26th
Fall Session closes Tuesday, December 22d.
Spring Session commences Wednesday, Dec. 30th.
Spring Session closes Tuesday, June 29th.
Spring TERM commences Wednesday, March 31st.

TERMS.

BOARD, including Fuel and Washing, FOUR DOLLARS per week.
Tuition ONE DOLLAR per week. In Model School, forty to sixty cents per week.

Students are admitted at any time, and to any course of study for which they may be prepared. It is better, if possible, to be present at the commencement of a term, or a session.
Send for a Catalogue.

Applications for admission may be addressed to
DR. T. L. GRISWOLD,
Principal.
COL. J. G. FREEZE,
Secretary.
Aug. 14,'74—1y

CARRIAGE

MANUFACTORY

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER

HAVE on hand and for sale at the most reasonable rates a splendid stock of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

and every description of Wagons both PLAIN and

FANCY,

Warranted to be made of the best and most durable materials, and by the most experienced workmen. All work sent out from the establishment will be found to be of the highest class and sure to give perfect satisfaction. They have also a fine assortment of

SLEIGHS

of all the newest and most fashionable styles well and carefully made and of the best material.

An inspection of their work is asked as it is believed that none superior can be found in the country.
July 1, 1873—tf.

LOWELL'S
Commercial College
at Binghamton.

AN ACTUAL BUSINESS INSTITUTION AND TELEGRAPHIC INSTITUTE.
For information call at Office, or send for COLLEGE ADVERTISER. June26-1y

WANTED AGENTS TO SOLICIT FOR THE
PROVIDENT LIFE AND TRUST CO.
OF Philadelphia.
ORGANIZED AND MANAGED BY FRIENDS.
Good risks of any class solicited. A very reliable and popular company, and easy to solicit for. Apply promptly by letter to the HOME OFFICE, Philadelphia. Nov 13,'74—3m.

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

If men will enjoy good health, let them use VINEGAR BITTERS as a medicine, and avoid the use of alcoholic stimulants in every form.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and General Agents, San Francisco, California, and cor. Washington and Charlton Sts., New York.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.
Sept. 5 '74—6m.

NEW GOODS!

A HEAVY STOCK,

Cheaper than Ever!

S. H. MILLER & SON

Have Just Received

the largest and best supply of

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE

DRY GOODS,

They have ever offered to their friends and customers.

Cloths, Cassimeres, and Satinetts

for MEN'S WEAR,

Cloths, Alapacas, Merinos,

for LADIE'S WEAR,

CALICOES, MUSLINS, CAMBRICS,

and every variety of Dry Goods desired,

Carpets, Mats, Ottomans,

in great variety and at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

FAMILY GROCERIES,

including all the varieties of

COFFEES, TEAS and SUGARS,

COUNTRY PRODUCE,

and a general supply of articles useful for the table always on hand.

CALL AND SEE.

Country produce of all kinds taken in exchange for goods at cash prices.
Oct. 30,'74—tf

THE POPULAR

CASH STORE

OF

W. P. JONES,

Corner Main and Third streets,

CATAWISSA, PA.

WE OPEN THE NEW YEAR WITH greater facilities for business than ever. Friends and Patrons. Having removed back to

OUR OLD STAND,

Which has been Thoroughly Remodeled Throughout,

We have now one of the finest rooms in this vicinity. We shall always keep a full assortment of

FANCY DRY GOODS,

DRESS GOODS,

SHAWLS, &C.,

And we shall endeavor to sell them at prices which you will appreciate. With our thanks for your valued favors in the past and trusting for a continuance of the same, I am

Yours Respectfully,

W. P. Jones,

PAINTING,

GLAZING AND PAPERING.

WM. F. BODINE, Iron Street below Second, Bloomsburg, Pa., is prepared to do all kinds of

PAINTING,

GLAZING,

and

PAPER

in the best styles, at lowest prices, and at short notice.

Parties having such work to do will save money by calling on him.

All work warranted to give satisfaction. Orders solicited
WM. F. BODINE.
Mar. 6, '74—1y.

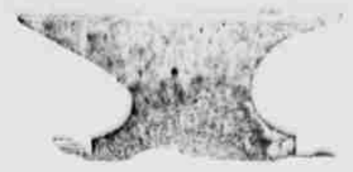
BLANKS! BLANKS!

FOR SALE AT THE

COLUMBIAN OFFICE

WANTED.—Agents, male and female, to sell Pictures everywhere. Fourteen thousand retailed by one. Another writes: "I can make more money in this business than I can on a $10,000 farm, all stocked. WHITNEY & CO., Norwich, Conn.
Jan22'75.

HARDWARE STORE.



LAYTON RUNYON, BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A

keeps constantly on hand a Full and Complete Stock of

HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE,

which he will sell to the Public at Prices so Low as to defy competition.

HIS STOCK CONSISTS IN PART OF

IRON, NAILS, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS and PUTTY,

MECHANICS TOOLS AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

of all Grades and Latest Improvements,

BLACKSMITHS BELLOWS, ANVILS, SLEDGES, and HAMMERS.

Burden's Horse and Mule hoes, Horse Nails, &c.

PATENT WHEELS, OLD'S AND WARNER'S PATENTS.

Spokes, Heavy and Light, Carriage Mallebels,

Axles, Springs, Gum and Oil Cloths, Valentines Varnishes,

and a general Stock of

WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKERS GOODS,

Building Materials, such as Duncannon Nails, Lewis' Lead, Best Colors, Pure Oils, &c., as low as they can be bought in the county

GIVE ME A CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.

LAYTON RUNYON.

Sep. 11, 1874—tf.

NEW HARDWARE STORE!

J. F. WIDEMAN & CO.,

Scales, Gouges, Tweezers, Pliers
Pots and Kettles, Pans and Friers.
All things for all sorts of buyers.
OIL STONE

Keep on Hand the

LARGEST STOCK

OF

HEAVY

AND

SHELF HARDWARE

In the County.

We have also added to our Stock

PATENT WHEELS & SPOKES,

WHEELBARROWS

GLASS, PUTTY, GRINDSTONES, &C.

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE

In all its Branches, Carefully Selected and Purchased low for Cash giving us Advantages for Selling which can not be excelled by any other

Hardware Store in the Country.

GIVE US A CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.

We GUARANTEE both in PRICE and QUALITY of our Goods.

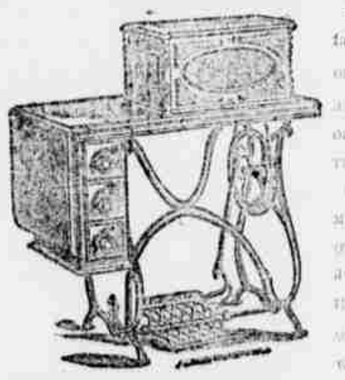
The Largest Store in the Country.

May 29,'74— J. F. WIDEMAN & CO., Bloomsburg, Pa

REMINGTON.

The REMINGTON SEWING MACHINE has sprung rapidly into favor as possessing the best COMBINATION of good qualities, namely: Light running, Smooth, Noiseless, Rapid, Durable, with perfect Lock Stitch.

It is a Shuttle Machine, with Automatic Drop Feed. Design beautiful and construction the very best.



REMINGTON No. 1 Machine for family use, in the THIRD YEAR of its existence, has met with a MORE RAPID INCREASE OF RATIO OF SALES THAN ANY MACHINE ON THE MARKET.

REMINGTON No. 2 Machine for MANUFACTURING and family use, ready for delivery only since June, 1874, for range, perfection, and variety of work, is without a rival in family or workshop.

GOOD AGENTS WANTED. SEND FOR CIRCULAR

ADDRESS, Remington Sewing Machine Company, Ilion, N. Y

BRANCH OFFICES OF REMINGTON COMPANIES.

E. Remington & Sons,
Remington Sewing M. Co.,
Remington Ag'l Co.,
} ILION, N. Y.

281 & 283 Broadway, New York, Arms. Madison Square, New York, Sewing Machines. Chicago, 237 State St., Sewing Machines and Arms. Boston, [illegible] Sewing Machines. Cincinnati, [illegible] Sewing Machines. Utica, [illegible] Sewing Machines. Atlanta, Ga., [illegible] Sewing Machines. Washington, D. C., [illegible]

Dec. 25, '74—6m

NEW YORK TRIBUNE.—"THE LEADING AMERICAN NEWSPAPER."—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM. Daily, $10 a year. Semi-Weekly, $3. Postage Free to the Subscriber. Specimen Copies and Advertising Rates Free. Weekly, in clubs of 30 or more only $1, postage paid. Address THE TRIBUNE, N. Y. Jan 15'75-1y.

$5 TO $20 per day. Agents wanted. All classes of working people of both sexes, young and old, make more money at work for us, in their own localities, during their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. We offer employment that will pay handsomely for every hour's work. Full particulars, terms, &c., sent free. Send us your address at once. Don't delay. Now is the time. Don't look for work or business elsewhere, until you have learned what we offer. G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. Jan. 15'75-1y

ADVERTISING: Cheap: Good: Systematic.—All persons who contemplate making contracts with newspapers for the insertion of advertisements, should send 25 cents to Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row, New York, for their PAMPHLET-BOOK (ninety-seventh edition), containing lists of over 2000 newspapers and estimates, showing the cost. Advertisements taken for leading papers in many States at a tremendous reduction from publishers' rates. GET THE BOOK. Jan. 15'75-1y.

RHEUMATISM NEURALGIA
FACTS SWORN TO

DR. J. P. FITLER.—Being sworn, says, I graduated at the University of Penn'a in 1833, and after 30 years' experience, perfected Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Syrup. I guarantee it an infallible cure for Nerve, Kidney and Rheumatic diseases. Sworn to, this 26th April, 1871.
F. A. OSBOURN, Notary Public, Phila.

We Clergymen were Cured by it, and will satisfy any one writing us. Rev. Thos. Murphy, D.D., Frankford, Phila. Rev. C. H. Ewing, Media, Pa. Rev. J. S. Buchanan, Clarence, Iowa. Rev. G. G. Smith, Pittsford, N. Y. Rev. Jos. Beggs, Falls Church, Phila., &c. Afflicted should write Dr. Fitler, Phila., for explanatory Pamphlet & guarantee, gratis. $50 Reward for an incurable case. No cure no charge, a reality. Sold by Druggists.

Dr. FITLER'S PILLS, (25 cents,) should be used with SYRUP. Feb.

Gray's Ferry Printing Ink Works.

PRATT & ROBINSON,
8 Spruce St.,
New York.

ROBINSON,
Sansom St.
714 Philada.

BLACK AND COLORED

PRINTING INKS.

C. E. ROBINSON, J. C. ROBINSON,

JOHN M. PRATT, late of H. D. Wade & Co.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,

PHILADELPHIA,

Dealers in

TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES

RICE, SPICES, BICARB SODA, &C., &C.

☞ Orders will receive prompt attention.

FAIRBANKS
SCALES
AWARDED THE HIGHEST and ONLY PREMIUM FOR SCALES,
TWO SILVER MEDALS AT THE
FRANKLIN INSTITUTE 1874.
also at the PARIS EXPOSITION 1867
Over Thirty-four Competitors
and at the VIENNA EXPOSITION
AND 1873
acknowledged the STANDARD OF THE WORLD
Fairbanks & Ewing (715)
Chestnut St. PHILADELPHIA

AGENTS WANTED.—At the rate this work is now selling it will attain a sale of

100,000 COPIES

before the canvass is complete. Presbyterian ministers without a charge, or those in ill health who wish to retain it by open-air exercise, students, laymen, and others who desire to obtain lucrative employment in a most respectable occupation, are solicited to apply for an agency to sell

"THE HISTORY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH THROUGHOUT THE WORLD."

A beautiful large octavo volume, illustrated with steel and wood engravings, which every Presbyterian family will want to possess. Applications for exclusive territory should be made at once. Address,
DE WITT C. LENT & CO.,
Dec. 25, '74—6m. 451 Broome Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED to solicit for the
Provident Life & Trust Co.,
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Incorporated 3d month, 22d day, 1865.
Good risks of any class solicited. A very reliable and popular company, and easy to solicit for. Apply promptly by letter to the HOME OFFICE, PHILA. Nov. 13, '74—3m.

THE BEST DIALOGUE BOOK. To be sent post-paid for TWENTY CENTS. Address, REV. W. H. KINGSBURY, Tarrytown, New York

BLOOMSBURG

MARBLE WORKS.

T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor,

MAIN STREET, BELOW MARKET.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of

MONUMENTAL MARBLE WORKS

We use the best AMERICAN and ITALIAN Marble. He has on hand and furnishes to order

MONUMENTS,
TOMBS,
HEADSTONES,
URNS, VASES, &c.

Every variety of Marble cutting neatly executed at the lowest market prices.
A long practical experience and personal attention to business makes the proprietor confident of giving satisfaction. All orders by mail promptly attended to. P. O. Box 297.

☞ N. B.—Work delivered free of charge. ☜

Aug. 21, '74-1y. T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor.

IRON IN THE BLOOD.

SYRUP PERUVIAN AN IRON TONIC

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP vitalizes and enriches the blood, tones up the system, builds up the broken-down, cures Dyspepsia, Debility, Dropsy, Chills and Fevers, Chronic Diarrhœa, Boils, Nervous Affections, Loss of Constitutional Vigor, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, [illegible] Female complaints, &c.

Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy, from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial. [illegible] J. P. DINSMORE, Proprietor, 36 Dey St., New York. [illegible] SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, proprietors, 86 Harrison Avenue, Boston.

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

NOV. 29th, 1874.

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS, SUNDAY EXCEPTED:

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, &c., [illegible]
For Catawissa, [illegible] a. m. and 7.26 p. m.
For Williamsport, [illegible] a. m. and [illegible] p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, [illegible]
Leave Philadelphia, [illegible]
Leave Reading, [illegible] Pottsville, 12.10 p. m. and Tamaqua, [illegible] p. m.
Leave Catawissa, [illegible] a. m. and 4.35 p. m.
Leave Williamsport, [illegible] a. m. and [illegible] p. m.
Passengers to and from New York and Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTEN,
May 8, 1874—tf. General Superintendent.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after [illegible], 1874, trains will leave SUNBURY as follows:

NORTHWARD.

Erie Mail [illegible] a. m., arrive Elmira 11.50 a. m.
" Canandaigua 3.35 p. m.
" Rochester 5.15 "
" Niagara 8.40 "
Renovo accommodation 11.15 a. m. arrive Williamsport 12.55 p. m.
Elmira Mail 4.10 a. m. arrive Elmira 10.50 a. m.
Buffalo Express 7.15 a. m. arrive Buffalo 8.10 a. m.

SOUTHWARD.

Buffalo Express 2.50 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 4.50 a. m.
" Baltimore 8.40 "
Elmira Mail 11.45 a. m., arrive Harrisburg 1.50 p. m.
" Washington 10.20 "
" Baltimore 6.35 "
" Washington 8.25 "
Harrisburg accommodation [illegible] p. m. arrive Harrisburg [illegible] p. m.
arrive Baltimore 2.25 a. m.
" Washington 6.12 "
Erie Mail 12.55 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 3.00 a. m.
" Baltimore 7.40 "
" Washington 9.25 "

All daily except Sunday.

D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent.
A. J. CASSATT, General Manager

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

ON and after SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 15th, 1874, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia 12.55 p. m.
" " " Harrisburg [illegible] p. m.
" " " Williamsport [illegible] p. m.
" " " Lock Haven [illegible] p. m.
" " arrive at Renovo [illegible] p. m.

ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia 11.55 p. m.
[illegible]

NIAGARA EXPRESS leaves Philadelphia [illegible] a. m.
[illegible]

ELMIRA MAIL leaves Philadelphia [illegible] a. m.
" " " Williamsport 1.35 p. m.
" " " Lock Haven 2.45 p. m.
" " arr. at Lock Haven 7.55 p. m.

LOCK HAVEN ACCOM. leaves Harrisburg 8.15 a. m.
" " " " arr. at Williamsport [illegible] p. m.
" " " " Lock Haven 1.35 p. m.

EASTWARD.

THE [illegible] leaves Lock Haven [illegible] a. m.
" " " Williamsport 7.45 a. m.
" " arrive at Harrisburg [illegible] a. m.
" " " Philadelphia [illegible] p. m.

ERIE MAIL leaves Erie 11.20 a. m.
" " " Renovo [illegible] p. m.
" " " Lock Haven [illegible] p. m.
" " " Williamsport 10.20 p. m.
" " arr. at Harrisburg [illegible] a. m.
" " arr. at Philadelphia [illegible] a. m.

ELMIRA MAIL leaves Lock Haven 9.4 a. m.
" " " Williamsport 1 10 p. m.
" " " Sunbury 12 40 p. m.
" " arr. at Harrisburg [illegible] p. m.
" " arr. at Philadelphia 6. [illegible] p. m.

NIAGARA EXPRESS leaves Kane 9.0 a. m.
" " " Renovo 6.55 p. m.
" " " Lock Haven [illegible] p. m.
" " " Williamsport [illegible] p. m.
" " " Sunbury [illegible] p. m.
" " arr. at Harrisburg 12.20 p. m.
" " " Philadelphia 7.00 a. m.

Mail East connects east and west at Erie with L. S. & M. S. R. W. and at Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.

Mail West with east and west trains on L. S. & M. S. R. W. and at Corry and Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.

Elmira Mail and Buffalo Express make close connections at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north, and at Harrisburg with N. C. R. W. trains south.

WM. A. BALDWIN,
Jan. 8,'75—tf General Supt.

LIVE AGENTS WANTED,
To sell DR. CHASE'S RECIPES; OR INFORMATION FOR EVERYBODY, in every County in the United States and Canadas. Enlarged by the Publisher to 648 pages. It contains over 2,000 household recipes, and is suited to all classes and conditions of society. A wonderful book and a household necessity. It sells at sight. Greatest inducements ever offered to book agents. Sample copies sent by mail, Postpaid, for $2.00. Exclusive territory given. Agents more than double their money. Address,
DR. CHASE'S STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,
Nov. 20, '74—3m Ann Arbor, Mich.

ISAIAH HAGENBUCH

DEALER IN

STOVES & TINWARE,

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.,

Has the pleasure of introducing to the Public

A NEW AND SUPERIOR

COOKING STOVE.

THE "ECLIPSE,"

A new and beautiful stove, for wood or coal. He also keeps constantly on hand a large and varied assortment of other

COOKING STOVES,
PARLOR STOVES,
IRON WEAR in great variety,
TIN WARE, &c., &c., &c.,

which he will dispose of at the lowest rates for cash or approved credit on short time. All articles warranted as represented. He respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.
Oct. 30,'74—1y

ROLLINS & HOLMES

Plumbers

STEAM

AND

GAS

Fitters,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware,

ALSO

Galvanised Iron Cornish, Awnings, and Wire Trellises.

☞ Dealers in Furnaces, Stove Ranges, Mantles Ranges &c. CORRELL'S BLOCK, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Oct. 9, '74—tf

GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only Reliable Gift Distribution in the Country!

$100.000.00

IN VALUABLE GIFTS!

TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN

L. D. SINES'

46th Semi-Annual

GIFT ENTERPRISE!

To be drawn Monday, March 29th, 1875.

One Grand Capital Prize,

$10,000 IN GOLD!

One Prize $5,000 in Silver!

Five Prizes, $1,000
Five Prizes, $500
Ten Prizes, $100
} Each in Cash!

Two Family Carriages and Matched Horses with Silver-mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each!
Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each!
Two Fine-toned Rosewood Pianos worth $500 each!
Ten Family Sewing Machines, worth $100 each!
1500 *Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches in all, worth from $20 to $300 each!*
GOLD CHAINS, SILVER-WARE, &c., &c.
NUMBER OF GIFTS 10,000!
TICKETS LIMITED TO 50,000!
AGENTS WANTED TO SELL TICKETS, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five Tickets $40.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to
Office, Excelsior Building, L. D. SINE,
Cor. 5th & Longworth. Box 86, CINCINNATI, O.
Feb 19,'75—6w

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored!

JUST published, a new edition of Dr. CULVERWELL'S Celebrated Essay on the radical cure (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance Piles, &c.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also DR. SILSBEE'S REMEDY FOR PILES. Send for circular.
Address the Publishers,
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4,586.
April 24, '74—y

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.

Organs and Melodeons

THE OLDEST, LARGEST AND MOST PERFECT

Manufactory in the United States.

54 000

Now in use.

No other Musical Instrument ever obtained the same popularity.

☞ Send for Price Lists.

Address, BUFFALO, N. Y
Nov.

VULCAN IRON WORKS,

DANVILLE, MONTOUR COUNTY, PA.

WILLIAM H. LAW, Manufacturer of Wrought Iron Bridges, Boilers, Gasholders, Fire-proof Buildings, Wrought Iron Roofing, Roofing Frames, Flooring and Beams, Farm Gates and Fencing, also Wrought Iron Pipes, Shafts and all kinds of Smith Work, &c. Repairs promptly attended to.
N. B.—Drawings and Estimates supplied.
July 1, 1874—tf